

# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

Mrs. F. B. Parker

With Which is Incorporated The Stirling Leader

VOL. 45 No. 13

STIRLING, HASTINGS CO., ONT., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1923

\$2.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE  
\$2.50 TO THE UNITED STATES

## Village Council Held Short Session

Stirling Village Council met on Monday evening, Dec. 3rd. Members all present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

The following accounts were presented:

D. Utman, work on streets.....	\$33.84
W. H. Patterson, wire fence.....	4.20
J. T. Belsaw & Son, lumber.....	70
J. T. Belsaw & Son, wood.....	5.50
F. A. Sprentall, freight and exp.....	5.31
T. G. Clute, Court fees.....	24.00
" war stamps, postage	10.00
and stationery.....	10.00
" elec. maintenance.....	12.50
" 3 mos. salary, reg.....	18.75
" 3 mos. salary, elec.....	18.75
" 3 mos. sal., cemetery	24.00
John Tanner, court fees.....	25.00
" 3 mos. salary.....	25.00
E. MacMullen, work on streets.....	4.00
D. Lamb, caretaking.....	2.00
Alfred Clare, cutting wood.....	4.50
P. Lunniss, work on bridge.....	4.00
G. H. Luery, Prov. elec. exp.....	6.09
" postage and stat.....	3.00
B. R. Wright, gravel for st.....	91.75
McGee & Lagrow, cleaning pipes	
at Town Hall.....	75
L. & R. W. Meiklejohn, elec.....	133.35
" cemetery.....	12.91
" bridge.....	4.75
" indigent.....	3.00
" general.....	42.44

Elec. Dept., Stirling Corporation:

Street lighting.....	80.67
Fire Hall.....	1.06
Opera House.....	5.45
Bell Telephone.....	2.05
Northern Elec. Co.....	43.34
Hydro-Elec. Power Commission.....	15.99
Jas. Conley, cement.....	1.00

Moved by S. Hutton, seconded by L. Meiklejohn, that these accounts be paid. Carried.

A by-law was introduced and passed fixing the time and place for the nomination of candidates for Reeve, Councillors and School Trustees for 1924.

## MARRIAGES

**TODD-McGEE**—On Friday, Nov. 30th, at Rawdon parsonage, Stirling, by Rev. F. G. Joblin, Marjorie McGee, of Wellmans, and Chas. L. Todd, of Hoards.

**GUNNING-SHARPE**—On Monday, Dec. 3rd, at the Seymour parsonage, Campbellville, by Rev. J. E. Glover.

**B.A.**, Curran, Gunning, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Gunning, to Grace Irene, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Sharpe, all of Hoards.

## CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Sarah L. Mack and family wish to thank their friends and neighbors for their kindness and sympathy extended at the time of the sickness and death of a loving husband and father.

Satisfied Customers Spell Success—We Aim to Please.

## A Birthday Gathering

On Nov. 23rd a very pleasing and happy event took place at the residence of Mr. John Montgomery, when his children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren assembled at the old home and partook of a sumptuous lunch, cheering his old age and loneliness by their company and kindness. During the evening there were speeches and music that brought back old-time memories, and kind words that certainly proved that although the father had reached the age of 79 years, he had not out-lived his children's affection, and his company was yet considered essential to their happiness. But for all there was a vein of sadness, for only six short years ago his loving helpmate was called to her heavenly home and the lack of her presence was keenly felt by all. As a tangible proof of their loving care, their father was presented with a well-filled purse and a Persian lamb cap, which was received in the same spirit in which it was given. A very appropriate address was read by Miss Benlah Montgomery.

Before parting they all joined in singing the well-known sacred hymn "God be with you till we meet again," and hopes for many such happy meetings were expressed by the relatives as they departed for their several homes. Thus ended an evening's pleasure that is truly an honor to all, for children who honor their parents get to themselves double honor. The following was the address:

Dear father and grandfather,—We, the members of your family, have gathered here this evening to spend another happy birthday, as has been the custom for several years. We are very thankful indeed to be here tonight to spend this seventy-ninth birthday with you and sincerely hope that we may have you with us for many happy birthdays in the future. We also wish to express our heartfelt appreciation of your untiring interest in us during the past years, and as a manifestation of our goodwill we beg of you to accept this cap as a token of our love and respect, and may you recall the kindest thoughts and memories of the years gone by.

Signed: THE FAMILY

## COMING EVENTS

Notices under this head 10 cents a line with a minimum charge 35c each issue.

**ART SALE—CHINA, BASKETRY**, etc., 1 day only, Dec. 15th, by Miss Keitha Lloyd, in H. Hadley's store.

**"THE SNOW BALL" IN AID OF** the Public Library, Tuesday, Dec. 11th. —Prices 37c and 55c. Plan at Luery's.

## St. Andrew's Celebrates Her Thirtieth Birthday

History of the Church in Stirling is Reviewed at a Birthday Gathering. Speeches, Singing and Cake all part of Celebration.

Just thirty years ago on Sunday, Nov. 25th, St. Andrew's was opened and dedicated to the service of God. The Rev. R. Simpson made suitable references to the occasion at both morning and evening services, and in earnest prayers rededicated the beautiful church to the service of the Lord.

On Monday night a Birthday Party was held that will be long remembered by all present. It was one of the happiest church gatherings held in St. Andrew's. The spirit of good fellowship and fraternity pervaded the place.



THE FIRST ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

Mr. Meiklejohn gave a very concise and graphic historical speech dealing with the affection that the people had for the old church and how reluctantly they left it, and then of the heroic efforts of the congregation to build the money to build and to the church.

These speeches were interspersed by choruses by the middle aged and elderly men of the congregation. It was a real treat to hear the old songs—"Old Black Joe," "Home Sweet Home," "Rocky Road," sung with such gusto.

Mr. F. T. Ward also spoke from personal knowledge of the building of the church. These two speeches transported all back to thirty years ago. Mr. Thos. Montgomery, in his inimitable way, took his audience back to the days of Mr. Buchan, the first minister, fifty and more years ago. He related an amusing incident in which he and James Ralph were involved, which gave color to a very informing speech. The minister spoke of the church of to-day, asking the question, "After such an honorable history, what of to-day?" He closed by reading these words:

"It's a knock to yourself when you knock your Church.  
It isn't your Church—it's you.  
Real Churches aren't made by men afraid  
Lest somebody else get ahead.  
When everybody works and nobody shirks,  
You can raise a Church from the dead,  
And if, while you do your personal work,  
Your neighbor can do his too,  
Your Church will be what you want to see—  
It isn't your Church—it's you."

Another splendid feature of the meeting was the list of two minute impromptu speeches all of which were excellent: "Our King," T. Montgomery—"Our Country," John Morton—"Home," Mr. Marshall—"School," Harper Rollins—"Success," F. T. Ward—"Current Events," Dr. Sine—"Church Bulletin," Joe Reid—"Comparing Styles," Geo. H. Luery.

Community singing led by the minister, and an interesting name contest by Miss Hume, in the absence of Miss Ida Marshall, also added to the merriment of the evening. Miss Hume and Miss Florence Marshall accompanied the singers at the piano.

To crown all there was a Birthday Cake with thirty candles which dazzled the wondering eyes when all



THE PRESENT ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

lights were extinguished for a few minutes. The cake was officially cut by Mrs. F. T. Ward and cut and distributed by Mrs. Simpson, Mrs. Bissette and Mrs. T. Montgomery. The cake was the product of Mrs. M. W. Sine and Miss E. Doman. During the evening letters were read from members and friends in distant parts, and regret was expressed that Miss M. Cosbey, the oldest member of the con-

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## St. John's Church Bazaar

The efforts put forth by the ladies of St. John's Church at their annual Bazaar on the evening of Nov. 28th, crowned the event with success. From the moment one entered the Hall he felt the spring of life, as all was merriment. The supper was put on in old time manner, with the usual decorations and excellent waiters. The Fancy Booth was tastefully decorated and well patronized—all kinds of useful gifts were on sale. The A. Y. P. A. looked after the home-made goods, while the beautiful display of Handkerchiefs brought large numbers to that popular resort, where purchases were invariably made.

The magnetic booth where sweets were sold did a land office business, captivating both young and old.

The stage, which was also artistically decorated, supplied ice cream and coffee.

Music was furnished during the evening by Frankford orchestra.

St. John's congregation was specially fortunate in having with them the Hon. Duncan Marshall, who kindly gave a most interesting and inspiring address, which was thoroughly appreciated by the large audience.

Receipts \$415.75.

The rector and wardens wish to thank everyone who contributed to the success of the evening.

## CARD OF THANKS

Miss Letha Martin wishes to express her appreciation for the letter of condolence which she received from L. O. L. No. 509. It read as follows:

Dear Friend,—Whereas it has pleased Almighty God to remove from you a sympathetic and loving father, we, the officers and members of L. O. L. No. 509, extend to you our deepest and heartfelt sympathy in the loss you are called upon to bear. We hope that God's ever strengthening arm will so guide you through life that when you, too shall be called from this life to try the solemn realities of the untried world that you may hear the good Master say "Well done thou good and faithful servant."

Signed on behalf of L. O. L. No. 509, their adaptability—Roy, W.M.

## DEATH

**FARRELL**—In the township of Sidney, on Monday, Nov. 26th, 1923, Hattie Burnside Farrell, aged 77 years.

## Miss Hadel Dracup Wins Warden's Trophy

Miss Hadel Dracup, of Wellmans, a pupil of S.S. No. 17, Rawdon, won the handsome silver cup given by Warden J. V. Walsh for the best orator from the rural schools. The contest took place Wednesday at the afternoon session of the County Council, in Belleville. There were fourteen contestants from various parts of the County, and they spoke to a large audience, the place being packed with people. The subject was "The Benefits of the Consolidated School." The News-Argus congratulates Miss Dracup.

## Fatal Accident

Reginald McInroy, 13-year-old son of Mr. William McInroy, was thrown from a young horse which he was riding out to water on Friday last. None of the family witnessed the accident, but when they noticed the horse without the rider, they found the young man and carried him to the house, where everything that medical skill could do for him was done, but without avail, as he passed away on Sunday morning.

## W. C. Mikel, K.C., Elected Mayor of Belleville

Wm. C. Mikel, K.C., was elected Mayor of Belleville for 1924 in the municipal election on Monday, with the largest majority on record, 1,318 votes over his opponent, the present occupant of the chair, Mayor Geo. A. Bennett, whose votes numbered 912.

Of the Aldermen elected, H. W. Greenleaf polled the highest vote, 1459.

## Stirling W. I.

The regular monthly meeting was held Wednesday afternoon with the President, Mrs. W. S. Martin, in the chair. Three excellent papers were given, one on "Tact," by Mrs. Martin, "Milk, its food values, care and uses," by Mrs. C. F. Lion, and one by Mrs. C. F. Lion, on "Rest and right living."

House-Agent: "Moreover, sir, this house is considered to have the most perfect loggia in the country." Profit: "Well, if we take the place, 'ell 'ave to go. We've done with lodgers."—Punch.

## THE STORE OF QUALITY

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded

## Week-End Specials

### DRESS FLANNELS

All Pure Wool Striped Flannels, 29 inches wide. Red and white and green and white only. Reg. \$1.35, Special Price 89c.

### DRESS VELVETS

Good Quality Velvet, including some of Worrall's best dyes, 22 in. wide. Navy, brown and black only. Regular Price \$2.25, Special Price \$1.59

### Toweling at Your Own Price

Glass Toweling and colored border hand toweling. Regular 25c. to 40c. yard. Special Price 16c.

### All Pure Linen Tea Toweling

A bargain you should not miss. 23 1/2 inches wide. Regular 45c. to 60c. yd. On sale, 39c.

## GROCERY SPECIALS

Last Call for Dates. Limited Quantity Only. 3 lbs. for 25c.

New Valencia Raisins. Choice Quality, per lb. 15c.

Fine Quality Mixed Honey. 5 lb. pails only, each 50c.

New Navel Oranges and Grape Fruit—Lowest Market Price.

A full assortment of Fresh Candy, Peels, Shelled Nuts, Prunes, Figs, etc.

## FOX & ANDERSON

General Merchants

PHONE 43.

STIRLING

## Preparing For Christmas

If you are wondering what your Gift should be just call at Fred Ward's Store

We have suitable gifts for Dad, Mother, Sister, Brother, Best Girl or Best Boy. We would like to suggest a few things—

Silk Shirts  
Silk Ties  
Gloves or Mitts  
Silk Socks  
Silk and Wool Socks  
Fancy Clox Socks  
Military Brushes  
Dressing Gown

Boxed Handkerchiefs  
Boxed Suspenders  
Combination Sets of Suspenders, Garters and Arm Bands  
Fancy Belts in Boxes  
Mirrors  
Combs  
Collar Boxes

We would like to mention all the good things we have stocked especially for the Gift Season, but it would take too much space, so would invite you to visit and see. Watch for our advertisement next issue.

## FRED T. WARD

MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR SPECIALIST

## Make It Your Business

To place as much of your earnings as you can in the bank every week.

This business of saving is an increasingly profitable one, for the bank protects your money against loss and, at the same time, pays you interest.

\$1 opens a Savings Account and deposits of \$1 and upwards are received.

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

Stirling Branch

W. S. Martin, Manager  
Branch also at Spring Brook



# Until You Try "SALADA"

GREEN TEA  
you have not tasted the best.  
Fresh, fragrant and pure. Try it.

## About the House

### A CHRISTMAS GIFT THAT DAUGHTER WILL ENJOY.

About this time of year mothers and aunts of growing girls are searching their brains for new ideas that will bring pleasure on Christmas Day. Perhaps one of the chief puzzles is to find a book that the teen-age girl will pronounce "the best ever." Last year an unusually fine story, "Judy of York Hill," came from the pen of a Canadian writer, Ethel Hume Bennett. Thousands of girls will this year welcome a book by the same author, "Camp Ken-Jockety" (which means "Far from the madding crowd") is a wholesome tale of a summer spent near Georgian Bay in the far-famed Highlands of Ontario. Our old friend Judy Benson appears in this story, but the chief interest centres around Joyce Hamilton, an American girl, and her novel experiences as the guest of that delightful Canadian family, the Davidsons. Joyce learns all the joys of outdoor life, and finds beauty in Canadian poetry and romance in Canadian history. This attractive story is well worthy of a place on your daughter's bookshelf.

Camp Ken-Jockety. By Ethel Hume Bennett (Toronto: Thos. Allen.) \$1.50.

### CHILDREN AND MONEY.

We often hear the expression, "he has no more idea of how to spend money than a child." It is unfortunately true that a great many people have no sense of money value, and this is also unfortunate. Very young children cannot be taught to estimate money properly, of course, but after a child has reached school age and is studying enough arithmetic to enable him to compute sums and do addition and subtraction, he can be taught money value. This is a very important sense of the word.

The idea of an allowance is the one who has no way of earning money. They are delegating certain purchases to the child himself, increasing these with his age and increasing in allowance, and feel that when he does reach the age that he can become a real wage-earner or own a farm or run a business for himself, he will be much more capable of the proper distribution and saving of his funds.

The reason a great many people have no sense of money values is because they never had money until they earned it themselves upon reaching maturity. Childhood lessons make much deeper impressions than those that have to be learned later in life. The child who must save his money to buy a coveted toy will also be more careful of the toy when he gets it, and he has a bigger notion of just what its value is. Though nothing seems so big as the first money he earns, he will have a more definite idea of what he can buy with it if he has learned money values.

Some parents pay children an allowance provided the children do a certain amount of work about the home. Other parents feel that they do not wish the children to get the idea that they must be paid for what they do at home. It is usually very satisfactory for farm children to be given such things as pigs and calves or a small field for the boys, and chickens or a garden plot for the girls. The results of their care and labor and the money earned develop in the children more business ability than could ever be talked into them after they have started out for themselves.

The education of children may be considered incomplete if they know only how to count money. Even in buying their clothing they can be consulted at an early age and get a more definite idea of just what is good taste and why, and can get some idea of materials. Our richest men have often been boys who had to learn the value of the dollar at a very early age, and they never forgot the lesson. Your

child may not be rich but he will be able to spend what he does make more intelligently and will have more respect for a bank account if he does not have to wait until he is grown to be allowed to handle money.

### OLD CATALOGUES SAVE CLEANING.

Old catalogues may be made to serve a useful purpose. If properly distributed they will save a whole lot of scouring and cleaning. Place a catalogue on the shelf or table where the small kerosene can is kept; if the can is always placed on the catalogue there will never be an oily ring to clean from the shelf.

I like two or three such catalogues in the screened cupboard where I place pies and puddings to cool so that the painted shelves never become stained. If a wood or delft covered table is used in the kitchen much time is usually devoted to scouring from its surface the marks left by hot or sooty cooking utensils. If the dishes had been placed upon old catalogues all this cleaning would have been unnecessary.

The advantage of a catalogue over newspapers is that the catalogue is heavy enough to keep its place, and when its surface becomes soiled tearing off a few pages leaves it clean once more.

### A CHARMING FROCK FOR MOTHER'S GIRL.



4540. Here is a model with lines that are pleasing and comfortable. The sleeve may be finished in wrist length with a band cuff or in elbow length with a turned back cuff. Printed cotton and linen are here combined. This is a good model for checked or plaid suiting, or gingham. The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. A 6-year size requires 8 yards of 32-inch material. Collar and cuffs of contrasting material require 3/4 yard 32 inches wide.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver or stamps, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

### WASH-DAY GLOVES.

One day last winter I experienced extreme discomfort in hanging out my clothes. My old white gloves soon became wet and the freezing cold stung my fingers unmercifully. Next morning as I turned toward my kitchen window a flash of orange caught my eyes—the rubber gloves that my neighbor was wearing as she hung up her wash. Right then I marveled at my own density, but it goes without saying that the next frosty wash day my rubber gloves are going to have a share in the work.—Mrs. O. A. Moen.

### HER SEWING APRON.

I know of a dressmaker who saves her customers at least three dollars each week by the use of her sewing apron. On the apron is sewed firmly a pin cushion, filled with pins and threaded needles. A tape measure hangs through a tiny strap, stitched to the apron for the purpose; shears and scissors are attached to a long, strong tape fastened to the belt. In the pockets are measuring rule, chalk, thread, silk, snaps, hooks and eyes—everything needed for sewing instantly at hand. With not a second to be wasted in searching for needed articles, the minutes saved count into hours and the hours represent honest-to-goodness dollars at the end of every week.—L. C.

## The Hidden Hour

BY J. B. HARRIS-BURLAND

### CHAPTER XIII.—(Cont'd.)

It was a very ordinary letter, but Ruth, reading between the lines, quite understood that Trehorn wished to see her, and see her alone. Perhaps he had been afraid to be more explicit, in case her husband were still at the cottage. Oh, yes, it was not difficult to imagine what Trehorn meant. It was more difficult to decide on the answer. Did she want to see Trehorn alone? Certainly she wished to thank him for all he had done for her, and she wanted to ask more about Merrington than she could have asked in the presence of her husband. But was it safe, was it wise and prudent of Trehorn to pay her this visit? It would seem a very ordinary visit indeed if her husband suspected nothing of the truth.

If she challenged fortune once again, even in this so simple an affair as the doctor's visit, she might not be so lucky. She did not see what could happen, but something might happen. She had forgotten the servant. It was quite possible that now she might be forgetful of something equally important.

"I am a coward," she said to herself. "I have always been a coward." She rose from the breakfast-table, flung open the French window, and stepped on the balcony to take a round of the very modern cot. Unlike most small houses, this little residence, built close to the great sea wall that kept the high spring tides from overflowing the marshland, had both its sitting-rooms on the first floor. The kitchen and the hall and the servants' bedrooms were on the ground floor, which lay below the top of the sea wall. Only by this arrangement could one obtain a view of the sea from the rooms occupied by the owners.

From the broad balcony a little wooden bridge crossed the gulf between the house and the wall. At either end there was a little wooden gate. "Burglars," Sir Alexander had once said, "could wish for nothing better." Ruth stood by the railing of the balcony and, resting her hands upon it, looked out across the sea. The cold wind of the last few days had died away and the water was smooth as the surface of a pond. A faint haze that lay over the land and sea seemed to intensify the calm serenity of the world. And, looking down at her feet, Ruth herself grew calm. The nervousness gave her confidence, and she was no longer afraid.

A few minutes later she went back into the dining-room and wrote a letter to Dr. Trehorn—less cautious perhaps than the one she had received from him. "Dear Dr. Trehorn," she wrote, "if you are in the neighborhood by all means come in and have tea with us. I'm afraid I shall be alone, but I really do want to see you.—Yours sincerely, Ruth Bradney."

"P.S.—Please come. I have so much to say to you." Ruth placed the letter in an envelope, gummed down the flap, and went out bareheaded to the little post office that was only a hundred yards away from the cottage. Later on in the day she doubted the wisdom of the postscript. But her doubts only lasted for a few minutes. No one but Trehorn would ever read that letter, and he would burn it. He had been obliged to be cautious because of her husband. But she—well, she could have written quite openly about Merrington if she had cared to do so.

### CHAPTER XIV.

Detective-Inspector Ditton had not been able to obtain the luxury of a private sitting-room at the George—the only inn in Dedbury. But he had given out that he was a gentleman of quiet tastes and that he wanted some place where he could sit alone during the day-time. The landlord had "obliged" him with a fire in the best bedroom and a table and an armchair, and even an ink pot and blotting-paper.

Three days after Mr. Ditton's arrival at the inn he told his landlord that he would be leaving on the following morning. The landlord, a big, jolly, red-faced fellow, protested. "With the weather so fine as it is, sir?" he said. "I suppose, sir, as you ain't really comfortable."

"I've never been more comfortable in my life," Ditton replied, "and I shall return in a day or two."

"Ah, sir, that's good news. Well, you shall have a good meal to-night, sir."

It was a good meal, and Ditton, very hungry, did it justice. The excellent clear soup was followed by a roast chicken and a large piece of boiled bacon. Then there came a plum pudding, "the last, sir, of a dozen," said the landlord. And then there was a dish of toasted cheese, hot and bubbling and soft as butter. Ditton drank a bottle of stout with his food, and rounded off the repast with a couple of glasses of old port from a bottle that stood before him.

Ditton was pleased with himself, and so absorbed in his food that he had not noticed the entrance of a tall, thin, fair-haired man in a Norfolk jacket and shabby grey flannel trousers. He did not see the man until he had risen from his chair to take a match-box from another table. This was not odd, for he, Ditton, had been sitting with his back to the door, and the table where the stranger was quietly setting two boiled eggs.

"A very quiet fellow," thought Ditton, and then, lighting his cigar, "Poo! devil-boiled eggs," and then aloud, "I hope you don't mind my smoking, sir."

"Not at all—not at all," said the stranger, and he cracked the shell of his second egg.

Ditton resumed himself with his face to the stranger, and gazed at him steadily through the faint haze of smoke.

"Have you come far, sir?" he queried.

"Yes, very far," the man answered without looking up from his plate. "In fact, from the other end of the world."

"Ah, that is a good walk," laughed the detective.

The stranger smiled pleasantly. "Ah, you knew I was on a walking tour?" he queried.

"Yes, sir—I see your rucksack in the corner there. I suppose you've come up from Folkestone."

"You're right. And I'm going on to London."

"Well, it's nice weather for walking, sir," said Ditton, and then, after a pause, "I think we've met before somewhere, haven't we?"

The stranger looked at Ditton's face for a few moments and then he smiled. "Perhaps we have," he replied, "but I have no recollection of faces."

"You've been to this village before, haven't you?"

"Oh, then I couldn't have met you before, sir. My memory doesn't carry me back so far as that. I am sure I beg your pardon."

"Don't mention it. Well, we've met now, anyway. Question old in this, isn't it? Hundreds of years old, I dare say."

Mr. Ditton glanced at the oak beams of the ceiling, at the wide, open fireplace in which some blazing logs burnt cheerfully but gave out no heat into the room, at the panelling, possibly oak but painted a dull stone color.

"Yes, I suppose it is old," he replied, as though he had never before noticed its antiquity, "but give me something a bit more cheerful. Will you join me in a glass of port, sir?"

"Port, eh? After two boiled eggs? Well, I wonder. I'm a bit afraid. I get nightmares—walk in my sleep sometimes—shouldn't care to walk up and down these crazy old stairs in my sleep."

"It's a sound wine, sir—ah, and you ought to have had the dinner—I like my food."

The stranger rose from his chair and seated himself at Ditton's table. "I'll risk it," he said, "and I'd like a chat anyway. It's dull in a place like this if one hasn't someone to talk to."

Ditton took another wineglass from the sideboard and filled the two glasses with wine.

"Here's to your very good health, Mr.—er—?"

"Vernon," the man replied, raising his glass to his lips, "and here's to your good health, Mr. Ditton."

"Ah, you know my name?"

"Yes, the landlord told me. I drink not only to your good health, Mr. Ditton, but to your success. I don't know

of any finer profession than yours, Mr. Ditton."

The detective smiled. "Our good landlord has been talking," he said drily.

"Yes, but there's no secret about your business, is there?"

"None at all, sir. Everyone in the place knows who I am and why I am here."

They chatted together for twenty minutes, and then Ditton suggested that they should go upstairs. "I have a snug little bed-sitting-room," he said, "and a nice fire. We'll take the bottle of wine up with us. It's cold down here."

Mr. Vernon said he would be only too glad to leave the coffee-room, and they made their way out into the entrance hall.

"Please don't call me until nine o'clock," said Ditton to the landlord. "I shall catch the 10.30 train to town."

"Yes, sir—oh, most certainly, sir. Will you want a cab to the station?"

"No, thanks, I'll walk. I'm going to leave my luggage here. I shall probably be back to-morrow night. If not, I'll send a wire."

The two men went up the broad oak staircase and seated themselves before the fire in Ditton's bed-sitting-room, panelled in old oak and with a floor that sunk twelve inches from wall to wall.

"This is magnificent," said Vernon, "magnificent."

"Gloomy, I call it," Ditton replied. "Well, fill up your glass, Mr. Vernon. No, I won't have any more. I've a touch of gout already—or is it rheumatism? Weather's going to change, I think."

"Then the good wine will keep out the damp," laughed Vernon.

"Dare say you're right. Well, I think I will have just another glass."

(To be continued.)

### The Stupidest Beast in Africa.

The rhinoceros is the stupidest old fellow in all Africa, according to Carl Akeley, the distinguished naturalist and chief taxidermist of the American Museum of Natural History. In his autobiography, "In Brightest Africa," Mr. Akeley tells how he discovered, quite by accident, that a rhino's charge is not necessarily fatal.

"I was going along the bank of the Tana River one day with my camera," he says. "Suddenly I was set all aglitter by the thrashings and snortings of a rhino coming through the bushes in my direction. There was nothing to climb. Between me and the thickets from which the rhino was coming was about twenty-five feet of open space. Behind me was a 30-foot drop to the crocodile-infested waters of the Tana. The only hope I saw was a bush overhanging the brink which looked as if it might or might not hold me if I swung out on it."

"I decided to try the bush and let the rhino land in the river, trusting to luck that I wouldn't join him there. The bushes were thrust aside and he came full tilt into the opening where he could see me. Everything was set for the final act. He suddenly stopped

eyes almost closed. He looked as if he were going to sleep. The terrible beast had become absolutely ludicrous. While this was going on I felt a poke in my back. I reached behind and took my rifle from the gun boy who had come up with equal celerity and bravery. I drew a bead on the old fellow but I could not shoot. A stupid or more ludicrous looking object I never saw. I began talking to him, but it did not rouse him from his lethargy. There he stood, half asleep and totally oblivious, while I, with the gun half aimed, talked to him about his ugly self. About this time my porters came into hearing on a path behind the rhino. He pricked up his ears and blundered off in that direction. I heard the loads dropping as the porters made for the trees. The rhino charged through the safari and off into the bush."

### Men Who Must Wear Beards.

It is one of the King's regulations that a Beefeater must wear a beard. This beard is required only on State occasions, but all members of the Yeomen of the Guard have to report to the Adjutant at St. James's Palace for beard inspection at certain regular intervals.

In the Middle Ages Beefeaters used to protect and attend the Sovereign, and it was their duty to taste and cook all food served to him. They also had to make the King's bed.

The "Yeomen Bedchambers" stuffed the mattress and arranged the curtains, while the "Yeomen Bedgoers" rolled on the bed to see that it was well made. The letters Y.B.H. and Y.B.G. are still affixed to certain names on the roll.

Since their institution in the reign of Henry VII. the costume of the Beefeaters has varied very little, and the large ruff round the neck still forms a very important part of it.

It is the wish of the King that the Yeomen of the Guard should be representative, if possible, of every regiment, but most members are drawn from the Guards.

The wardens of the Tower of London are also known as Beefeaters. They form a separate body and are of more recent origin than the Yeomen of the Guard.

### A Sentence.

Miss Jenkins—"Nobody ever heard of a sentence without a predicate." Knecht—"I have, Miss Jenkins." Miss Jenkins—"What is it?" Knecht—"Thirty days."

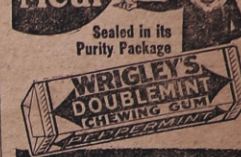
The real test of all law comes not in the court room but when in contact with the citizen.

Mina's Liniment Heals Cuts.

## WRIGLEYS

Take it home to the kids  
Have a packet in your pocket for an ever-ready treat.  
A delicious confection and an aid to the teeth, appetite, digestion.

After Every Meal  
Sealed in its Purity Package  
WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM



If you live in a glass house you should pull down the blinds.

WHEN IN TORONTO VISIT THE  
Royal Ontario Museum  
255 Bloor St. West, Near Avenue Road. Largest permanent exhibition in Canada. Archaeology, Geology, Mineralogy, Palaeontology, Zoology. Open daily 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Sunday afternoon and Thursday evenings. Bloor, Bay, and Church cars.

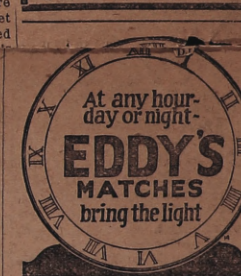
For Invalids  
Delicious, strengthening beef-tea and dozens of other tasty and nourishing dishes may be easily and quickly prepared with



In tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100.

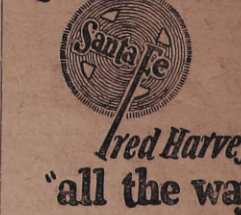
## MAKE MONEY! GRADE EGGS

New Dominion Law says all eggs must be sold by grade only. That means openings for Government Egg Inspectors—more graders, examiners and men trained in the egg business. Truck farmers are now making extra money buying eggs and grading themselves. Country merchants are paying 35c to 50c a case for grading. Learn egg grading and egg business in spare time by mail through Shaw's Egg Grading Course. Approved by authorities. Prepare now for the many openings the April rush will create. Get full information. Write Prof. C. K. Graham, Dept. 88, Shaw Schools, Limited, 46 Bloor St. W., Toronto.



At any hour-day or night  
EDDY'S MATCHES  
bring the light

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California



Santa Fe superior service and scenery plus Fred Harvey meals—your assurance of a pleasant journey there Pullmans via Grand Canyon National Park—open all the year

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404 Free Press Bldg. Detroit, Mich.  
Please send me the following Santa Fe Circulars  
CALIFORNIA PICTURE BOOK—GRAND CANYON OUTINGS  
CALIFORNIA LIMITED  
Also details as to cost of trip

ISSUE No. 49—23

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This Good Radio Catalogue

Write for your copy of this comprehensive Radio Catalogue, containing the latest radio models at unusually low prices. Everybody interested in radio should have this Catalogue.



T. EATON CO. LIMITED  
TORONTO CANADA



## Canada from Coast to Coast

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—A survey of the agricultural resources of the province recently conducted by the Provincial Government gives the following figures for 1923: field crops, \$19,350,000; live stock, \$8,150,000; dairy products and eggs, \$1,750,000; fisheries, \$1,000,000; foxes, \$1,000,000.

Halifax, N.S.—At least 65,000 summer tourists entered Nova Scotia during 1923, according to estimates made public by Premier Armstrong. This is 15,000 in excess of the estimated tourists to this province the previous year, and the increase is accredited to the improved highways and widespread activities of the Nova Scotia Tourist Association.

Fredericton, N.B.—Re-seeding operations have been carried on by the Dept. of Lands and Mines to quite an extent upon the Abusintac River in Northumberland County, where fire did heavy damage to forests last summer. These operations have been going on steadily during the autumn.

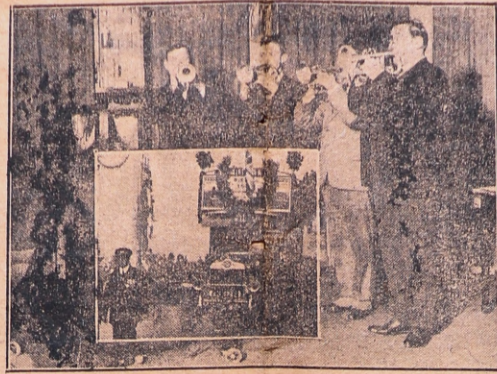
Quebec, Que.—The series of falls known as Grand Calumet, on the Ottawa River, are to be dammed and 50,000 horsepower harnessed as a result of negotiations, which have been in progress between various Quebec and Ontario private interests and have now come to a satisfactory conclusion. It is understood that work will be started at the Falls early next spring and when completed mean an expenditure of between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000. Most of the power developed will be disposed of in Ontario.

Fort William, Ont.—For the first time in the history of the Twin Ports, as far as is known, cargoes of wheat are clearing for European ports. Two of the Norwegian sea-going craft, which have been in the lake trade all fall, have taken their last cargoes aboard and cleared for Ireland, each carrying 51,000 bushels of wheat.

Winnipeg, Man.—Manitoba has been awarded first place in the Dominion educational butter scoring tests held at Ottawa, in which all provinces competed. The sample submitted by the Holland Creameries of Virden, Man., received 98 points, with Nova Scotia second and Quebec third, with scores of 97.5 and 97.3 respectively.

Edmonton, Alta.—The Dominion Government's seed grain cleaning and grading plant here has been opened with facilities for handling 150,000 bushels. The seed will go out, after preparation, as first class, made-in-Alberta, registered and pedigreed seed grain.

Vancouver, B.C.—About 60,000 cases of sockeye salmon have been shipped to England recently on consignment. Since the last of these were shipped, it has been ascertained that only one-third of the Siberian salmon pack will be available for the world markets, as the balance of the 1923 pack has been commandeered by the Japanese Government for relief purposes. This will strengthen the market for British Columbia salmon in the United Kingdom.



"BRITAIN MOURNS HER HEROES AT REST"

On Armistice Day the British Isles heard the notes of the "Last Post" broadcasted by radio from London. The picture above shows the buglers sounding it, and inset, is a picture of "Old Bill," a London omnibus which carried some of the "Old Contemptibles" to Mons during the first battle at that town in 1914. It is now on duty in London again, and was decked with flowers for the Armistice parade.

## Weekly Market Report

### TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.04 1/4.  
Manitoba oats—No. 3 CW, 43c; No. 4 extra feed, 41c.  
Manitoba barley—Nominal.  
All the above, track, by port.

American corn—Track, Toronto, No. 2 yellow, \$1.17.  
Ontario barley—58 to 60c.  
Buckwheat—No. 2, 72 to 75c.  
Ontario rye—No. 2, 73 to 75c.  
Peas—Sample, \$1.50 to \$1.55.

Milled—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$27; shorts, per ton, \$30; middlings, \$36; good feed flour, \$2.05.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, 94 to 96c, outside.  
Ont. No. 2 white oats—38 to 40c.

Ontario corn—Nominal.  
Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat, in jute bags, Montreal prompt shipment, \$4.75; Toronto basis, \$4.75; bulk, seaboard, \$4.25.

Manitoba flour—1st pats, in jute sacks, \$6.30 per bbl.; 2nd pats, \$5.80.

Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14.50 to \$15; No. 2, \$14.50; No. 3, \$12.50; mixed, \$12.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$9.  
Cheese—New, large, 23 to 24c; twins, 24 to 25c; triplets, 25 to 26c; Stilltons, 25 to 26c. Old, large, 30 to 31c; twins, 31 to 32c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 41 to 43c; No. 1 creamery, 38 to 40c; No. 2, 36 to 38c.

Eggs—Extras, fresh, in cartons, 70 to 74c; extras, storage, in cartons, 45 to 47c; extras, 42 to 43c; firsts, 38 to 39c; seconds, 30 to 32c.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 25c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; hens, over 5 lbs., 22c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 15c; No. 2, 12c to 14c.

roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 20c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 25c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 33c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 30c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 24c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18c; roosters, 18c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 35c.

Beans—Canadian hand-picked, lb., 7c; prime, 6 1/2c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 12 to 13c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 12 to 13c; 5-lb. tins, 12 to 14c; 2 1/2-lb. tins, 14 to 15c; comb honey, per doz., No. 1, \$3.75 to \$4; No. 2, \$3.25 to \$3.50.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 26 to 27c; cooked hams, 37 to 39c; smoked rolls, 21 to 23c; cottage rolls, 22 to 24c; breakfast bacon, 25 to 27c; special brand breakfast bacon, 30 to 33c; backs, boneless, 30 to 35c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$17.50; 90 lbs. and up, \$16.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$36; heavyweight rolls, \$33.

Lard, pure tallow, 18 to 19c; tallow, 18 1/2 to 19c; tallow, 19 to 20c; tallow, 20 to 21c; shortening, tallow, 15 1/2 to 16c; tallow, 15 1/2 to 16c; tallow, 16 to 17c; prints, 18 1/2 to 19c.

Heavy steers, choice, \$6.75 to \$7; butcher steers, choice, \$5.75 to \$6.50; do, com., \$3 to \$4; butcher heifers, choice, \$5.75 to \$6.50; do, med., \$4 to \$5; do, com., \$3 to \$3.50; butcher cows,

choice, \$4 to \$4.50; do, med., \$3 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1.50 to \$2.50; butcher bulls, good, \$3.50 to \$4.50; do, com., \$2.50 to \$3.50; feeding steers, good, \$5 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4.50 to \$5; stockers, good, \$4 to \$5; do, fair, \$3.50 to \$4; milkers and springers, \$3.50 to \$4; calves, choice, \$10 to \$11; do, med., \$8 to \$9; do, com., \$4 to \$5; do, grassers, \$3.50 to \$4.50; lambs, choice, \$10.25 to \$10.75; do, bucks, \$9 to \$9.25; do, com., \$8 to \$8.50; sheep, light ewes, good, \$8 to \$8.50; do, fat, heavy, \$4 to \$5; do, culls, \$2 to \$2.50; hogs, thick, smooth, F.W., \$8; do, f.o.b., \$7.50; do country points, \$7.25; do, select, \$8.85.

### MONTREAL.

Oats, N. 2 CW, 53 to 54c; No. 3 CW, 52 to 53c; extra No. 1 feed, 50 1/2 to 51 1/2c; No. 2 local white, 49 1/2 to 50 1/2c.

Flour, Man. spring wheat pats, 1st, \$6.30; 2nd, \$5.80; strong bakers, \$5.60; winter pats, choice, \$5.75 to \$5.85. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$2.95.

Bran, \$2.25. Shorts, \$30.25. Middlings, \$36.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$15 to \$16.

Cheese, finest westerns, 17 1/2 to 18 1/2c; finest easterns, 17 1/2 to 17 3/4c; Butter, No. 1 creamery, 38 to 39 1/2c; special pasteurized, 40 1/2c; No. 1 pasteurized, 40c. Eggs, extras, 40c; No. 1 stock, 36 to 37c; No. 2 stock, 30 to 32c.

Canner cows, \$1.25 to \$1.50; cutters, \$1.75 to \$2.25; dairy type cows, \$2.35 to \$3; good veals, \$9.50 to \$10; hogs, \$8.50 to \$8.75 for thick smooths and butchers; selects, \$9.25.

Miss Ethel Colman, of Norwich, England, recently elected mayor of that city, photographed for the first time in her robes of office.

A new plaster quarry has been opened a short distance from Clarksville Station, N.S., by the Windsor Plaster Co. It is the intention of the company to ship about 5,000 tons to their mill per annum. There are large deposits of limestone in the same vicinity; also a kind of marble.

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## Will Our Good Roads Wear?

Canada is spending millions of dollars annually upon road construction in an effort to provide for the increasing traffic that is using the highways for purposes of communication.

What is to be the future of these roads? Will they wear? Will they continue to provide a satisfactory surface for the present traffic and for any future vehicles that will make use of them and what will the cost of upkeep be? The people of Canada are keenly interested in this subject and want to know. They are largely dependent for communication upon our network of highways, due to the scattered settlement in many portions of the Dominion. A bulletin issued by the Highways Branch of the Department of Railways and Canals states that on January 1, 1922, there were 447,384 miles of highways under control of the provinces, counties, townships and rural municipalities. When the mileage of streets in certain centres is added it will be realized how important is the selection of suitable material for construction purposes.

The Mines Branch of the Dept. of Mines is giving particular attention to the various materials entering into the construction of new roads and the surfacing of others. Under the direction of Mr. Howells Prechette, Chief of the Road Materials Division, Mr. H. Gauthier is making a special investigation into the endurance of recently built highways in Ontario and Quebec and Mr. R. H. Pitcher is carrying out a survey of the road materials adjacent to the highways which Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have included in their programs for road improvement.

The laboratories of the Mines Branch are equipped for complete physical tests on rocks, sand and gravel used as road-building material, as well as for general construction. Tests in the laboratory are made for two purposes: to determine in the materials tested their characteristic qualities, and whether they conform to a previously determined standard established by the test of service. After it has been determined that a material is satisfactory, specifications can be made with an assurance that the material specified will meet requirements. There are five standard tests regularly made in the laboratory upon road-building rock which furnish a ready means of judging the comparative value of a rock as a road metal. The most important are those for resistance to abrasion (percentage of wear) and for resistance to impact (toughness). The others are for hardness, specific gravity and absorption.

Gravels are examined to determine their adaptability for the construction

of gravel and concrete roads, and to obtain some knowledge of their ability to resist wear and to bind; also to obtain information on the probable strength of concrete in which the gravels might be used as the aggregate.

The very general occurrence of limestones in many parts of Canada has led to their use as road metal. The durability of limestones, however, varies with their composition and texture, according to the Mines Branch. The finer and more evenly-grained varieties, as a rule, are the more durable. A tough, hard limestone will give as good results in some cases as the more durable igneous rock, but the great majority of limestones are soft and wear rapidly.

The need of the work which the Mines Branch is carrying on is evidenced by the statement of Mr. A. W. Campbell, Chief Commissioner of Highways, in his annual report for 1922: "Some of the subjects in which highway engineers are not agreed, and in which research is necessary are the causes of waving of gravel and bituminous mixtures, of 'cracking' in Portland and bituminous concrete pavements, and of the formation of 'cup' holes and pockets in wearing surfaces; desirable ingredients and proportions of materials, such as 'filler,' in the less common designs, and of practices of construction, proper number and thickness of applications, etc."

According to the same report, road improvement work in the several provinces under agreement between the provinces and Dominion, to be paid for jointly under the Canada Highways Act, amounted in value to \$27,542,456, covering 4,820 miles. Quebec has a total length of roads of 4,500 miles of improved roads out of a total of 45,000 miles of roadways in the province, and has expended thereon \$40,000,000. Manitoba, likewise, has built 3,001 miles of roads to the standard required under the Canada Highways Act, at an expenditure of \$9,182,921. Ontario has spent on good road building during the three years 1919-1922, \$64,148,252, of which counties and townships contributed \$27,528,521 and the province \$36,619,730. The total mileage of improved roads in Ontario up to the end of 1922 was approximately 25,000 miles or 56 per cent. of the total road mileage.

The enormous sums of public money being invested in the building of highways demand absolute knowledge of the materials being used, in order that the investment may be protected. To provide this assurance the public are looking to the Mines Department for guidance, and the experts of that department are engaged in an intensive study of these important subjects.



"Tay-Pay" Re-elected.

T. P. O'Connor, for nearly forty years a member of the British House of Commons, as a Nationalist member representing the Scotland division of Liverpool, was re-elected by acclamation to be a British institution.

## NEWS REACHES ARCTIC LIKE EVENING PAPER

### Radio a Boon to Polar Explorers During Long Winter Darkness.

A despatch from Prince Rupert, B. C., says: "Wireless reports have been received from nine different countries and communication with a station in Hawaii has been established by the radio operator of the Bowdoin, now 760 miles from the North Pole, with Captain Donald B. McMillan aboard, according to a message received here from the exploration party. Captain McMillan said in his message that 'news of the world was received like an evening paper, from two European wireless stations.'"

"With the coming of the long night, amateur radio stations in the Eastern States are being picked up and heard a little more distinctly," the message declared. "The Bowdoin wireless made a record for itself on Friday night when Mix, our operator, talked with amateur station 6 CEU in Hawaii. This distance of 5,000 miles is possibly the world's record for short-wave stations. We have heard stations in England, Germany, Holland, Mexico, France, Norway, Italy, Japan, and Spain. We receive news of the world from stations in Oxford, England, and Nauem, Germany, and look forward each day to our 'evening paper.'"

"The long Arctic night, so much dreaded by explorers of old, and so vividly described with all its consequences in their narratives, has no terrors for the crew of the Bowdoin. Our living conditions are vastly different and all conducive to good health and happiness."

## New Free State Loan Payable in British Currency

A despatch from Dublin says: An interesting point in connection with the new national loan as to whether its service would be in Irish or British currency was settled by an official announcement that interest and principal would be paid out in British sterling.

Among the subscribers to the loan are the Dublin Port and Docks Board, \$50,000; Great Northern Railway, \$50,000; and the Dublin Distilleries Company, \$25,000.

Seventy bushels of wheat to the acre, all grading number one, on one hundred acres, is reported from the Pincher Creek district. This is the record for Southern Alberta this year.

## PARIS PROPOSES NEW ANGLO-FRENCH PACT

### France Can Handle Continental Situation But Suggests Aerial and Naval Entente.

A despatch from Paris says: France's reply to the Italo-Spanish Mediterranean alliance is a proposal for a Franco-British aerial and naval entente.

The inspired Temps answers Reuter's semi-official statement from London sources that Germany is arming and recruiting troops by stating that there is no danger of the Reich becoming a military menace for a long time.

But the suggested Italo-Spanish pact might threaten the French communications with African colonies and the British lines of transport to India via Gibraltar and Suez.

France does not ask, and does not need military aid on the Continent. The Temps states, as the French army is sufficiently strong to handle any situation which might develop in Germany.

British naval co-operation in the North Sea and Baltic would suffice. British aviation forces reinforcing the French flying fleet is urged, however, to prevent Germany from overwhelming France in the air suddenly, and then crossing the Channel and resuming the bombing of London.

It is pointed out that attempts at defensive alliances between France and Great Britain hitherto have failed because the French always have sought to guarantee a certain number of divisions of British troops to be landed on the Continent within a stipulated time after hostilities open.

## FIGHTING FORCE BEING FORMED IN GERMANY

### Concern in London Over Report of Recruiting and Rearming.

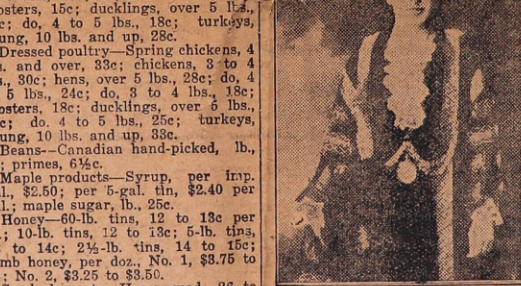
A despatch from London says: "Disturbing information concerning the extent to which Germany is recruiting and re-arming has been received by the British Government," says a Reuter's news item.

"Although the view is taken officially that this information is potential rather than imminent danger, the British authorities are frankly concerned over the situation and its bearing on the peace of Europe."

"It is known that rapid military training of large numbers of men in excess of the Versailles Treaty stipulations has been progressing," says the Reuter article. "This, it is declared, is more than ever the case since the Allied military control ceased nearly a year ago. Recruiting has been especially active in Bavaria, where the security police have been engaged in manoeuvres with the army. Training of students also is in constant progress. Hitherto all attempts to induce Germany to produce recruiting returns in order to enable the Allies to check up the paper strength of the German army at any given moment of inspection, with the number of recruits actually trained, has been unsuccessful."

## Make Search for Scallops and Find Them in Beds

A despatch from Ottawa says: Discovery of three new scallop beds situated near the Lurich lightship, off the coast of Yarmouth county, Nova Scotia, is announced by the Department of Marine and Fisheries. The discovery was made by the fisheries protection vessel Arlieux, which made a search for new scallop beds recently off the western end of Nova Scotia. The beds are said to contain scallops in such quantities as to give good returns to boats properly equipped for catching them.



First Woman Mayor

Miss Ethel Colman, of Norwich, England, recently elected mayor of that city, photographed for the first time in her robes of office.

A new plaster quarry has been opened a short distance from Clarksville Station, N.S., by the Windsor Plaster Co. It is the intention of the company to ship about 5,000 tons to their mill per annum. There are large deposits of limestone in the same vicinity; also a kind of marble.

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Special big subscriptions to the loan amounted to nearly one-quarter of the total, some of these being Sun Life of Canada, \$10,000,000; Canadian Pacific Railway, \$2,000,000; Montreal City and District Savings Bank, \$1,300,000; Imperial Life Insurance Co., \$1,250,000; Eastern Trust Co., \$1,000,000; Dominion Textile Co., \$1,000,000; and Montreal Cottons, \$1,000,000. The remainder was made up of small general cash subscriptions and a fairly extensive conversion of maturing Government bonds.

In the rapid subscription of the 1923 loan there is cause for gratification, not only from the standpoint of the country's financing, but as the very best national advertisement at a period when such publicity is most valuable. The success of the flotation



"BUT, DOC, IT AIN'T DOING ME ANY GOOD!" —Kirby, in the New York World.

## The 1923 Loan.

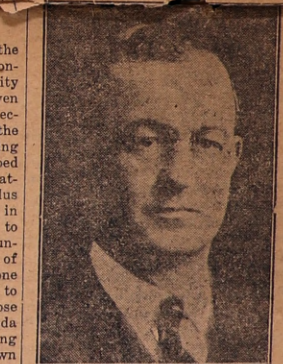
If further proof were needed at the present time of Canada's sound economic position and national stability and prosperity, it was recently given in the rapid attainment of the objective and the over-subscription of the Dominion of Canada 1923 refunding loan. The whole loan was subscribed in Canada within record time, indicating a substantial volume of surplus wealth in the country and a faith in its future, which prompted people to invest in the development of the country in preference to other forms of investment. The flotation, had it done no less, was of inestimable benefit to Canada as an advertisement to those abroad of the prosperity of Canada and the ability of a new and young country to do at least some of its own financing.

The announcement of the Minister of Finance that he was about to attempt the flotation of the loan in Canada, instead of throwing it on the richer and more expensive markets of New York or London, was met with a general scepticism and doubt as to the outcome. There was a prevalent lack of belief in the ability of Canada to absorb the entire amount, or if it did so, only after a lengthy and extended period of time, which would, to some extent, affect the objects of the loan. A banking syndicate of twenty-eight leading financial firms and banks was formed, and a larger selling syndicate, comprised of over two hundred and twenty investment houses all over the country, followed.

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Dr. A. S. Lamb, B.P.E.

Director of the Department of Physical Education of McGill University, who is to be one of the staff in charge of the preparation of Canadian athletes for the Olympic contests in France next summer.

bears a deep significance. It shows that the Canadian people believe in the future of their own country, and that whilst money will be required from other sources for future development, no mean part of it can be received from the surplus earnings of Canadians. It should also have a beneficial influence in stimulating immigration because it illustrates the opportunities open to worthy newcomers.

Among the big Alberta wheat yields this year is that of J. J. Wanoop, of Parkland, who threshed an average of 57 bushels from a field of 110 acres.

An unusually large demand for Prince Edward Island certified potatoes has given a decided stimulus to the seed potato industry of the province. Double the quantity produced could have been disposed of to American buyers at \$1.10 a bushel. It is estimated that the acreage will be increased fully 50 per cent. for 1924. The last shipment of certified seed potatoes from the Island left for Virginia with a cargo of 65,000 bushels.

During the fiscal year 1922-23, according to the Provincial Dept. of Agriculture, there were in Quebec 7,190 beekeepers, compared with 7,559 in 1921-22. Honey extracted in 1922-23 amounted to 3,205,041 pounds, compared with 3,064,929 pounds in 1921-22. The amount of wax produced this year, 41,467 pounds, and 35,335 pounds in the previous fiscal year. The value of production in 1922-23 was \$1,983,351, compared with \$2,199,711 in the previous year.



## Stirling News-Argus

With which is incorporated  
The Stirling Leader

Is published every Thursday at the office of  
publication, North street, Stirling.

Thursday, December 6th, 1923.

### CARRYING COALS TO NEW-CASTLE

Carrying coals to Newcastle has long been considered a piece of economic folly. It is in much the same category as carrying water to the lake.

Ontario is as justly famed for high quality apples as Newcastle is for coal. Yet one can buy in the local stores apples imported from the United States. Naturally the cost of transportation is added to the price charged for the fruit and the long-suffering consumer pays fancy prices for a commodity which is produced more economically as of good or better quality right at his door.

The reason given for this anomalous state of affairs is that the local growers sell to large packers who ship to outside markets and leave the local dealers dependent upon foreign supplies. It is not a new thing for winter apples to be shipped from the State of Washington to Ontario.

Of course, the apple packers must obtain better prices, or find it to their advantage to sell in large quantities, or the local markets would be looked after better. But surely these factors can be taken care of and yet make it possible to sell the choicest apples locally at prices that would make a considerable saving for the consumer, who now uses imported fruit. A little bit more foresight and common sense in distribution wouldn't come amiss.

### HISTORIC DOCUMENTS

Notable additions have recently been made to the collections of historic documents in the Canadian National Archives. A few months ago the collection known as the Durham papers were presented to Canada by the present Lord Durham. These provide information of great importance with respect to the history of Canada during the thirties and forties of last century that has hitherto only been available in the original in private libraries in England.

Within the past few weeks an even more notable collection was presented by Sir Leicester Harcourt on behalf of his brother, the late Lord Northcliffe. This comprises the private papers of both Wolf and Montagu and includes the originals of the official orders and documents leading up to the epic struggle between France and England for supremacy in America.

From the point of view of the historian these documents are priceless. In the light of the information they will provide it is not unlikely that many changes may be found necessary in the published histories of the periods they cover. Under the careful supervision of Dr. A. G. Doughty, Dominion Archivist, the papers will no doubt be made available for the use of students in history at our universities, as well as for teachers and others interested in the romantic early history of Canada.

### SAFETY FOR ALL

"Safety for all" appears to be a most desirable slogan in this day and generation when too many chances are taken by the average individual. Increased safety is a demand that should be made by modern industry, as accidents reported to our Provincial Compensation Board have shown a very large increase in 1923 over the same period in 1922; in fact, each month in 1923 so far has averaged nearly 1,000 more accidents than in 1922. This must give considerable food for thought to management and men, for both employer and employee stand to lose time and money by the preventable accidents occurring in industry today. It has been truly said "accidents do not happen, they are caused," and in many cases it must be apparent that certain conditions or practices are bound to lead to accidents. For this reason those vitally interested in industry in Canada, and that means all of us in the country, should take a share in securing greater safety for all.

### THE BIBLE AS LITERATURE

(Municipal Review of Canada)  
From the standpoint of the English-speaking world, the greatest work of literature which the world has ever known is the Bible, said Sir Henry Newbolt, before the National Conference of Education and Citizenship. The Bible has been more peculiarly a book of inspiration for the people of the British Empire than for any other race in the world; and that appears to be due to the fact that for the past nine hundred years the history of the Empire has coincided with the trials and struggles and the hopes of the Hebrews, as told in the

romantic history of the Biblical stories in the Old Testament. Sir Henry went on to state that when he first gave his attention to a careful study of the Bible, he was inclined to look upon it merely as a record of minor details, dovetailed together in a clever manner, and without any great inspiration; but when he went more closely into the matter he became convinced that his early impression was a faulty one, and that the Bible has no peer in the English language.

### WHAT OTHERS SAY

#### MUST DESERVE SUCCESS

(War Cry)  
Most of us are ambitious; indeed, ambition flourishes and grows naturally, like the wild flower. Efficiency is quite different. It requires thought, study, hard work, and experience for a person to become efficient. No amount of ambition alone can make us efficient. One of the great troubles with many young men is that they long to become leaders without using one-third of their real ability. Somehow, they do not appreciate the necessity of doing so. It does not matter how much ability they may have; if they do not use it they will never get beyond a small position and a minor success. More men fail to succeed for neglecting to apply themselves than for lack of opportunity. You are not going to be rewarded unless you deserve it.

(The Globe)

British Columbia's liquor sales from Government vendors' stores were \$6,647,817 for the six months ending October 31st. At that rate the annual consumption would be over \$25 per head per year. Clearly, much B.C. liquor is finding its way into the United States, to the profit of the Provincial Government and the rum-runners.

(Walkerton Telescope)

An "International Beauty Contest Club" with headquarters at Toronto has been endeavoring to interest the municipal councils of some towns in their contests. We are glad to see the idea of exploiting youth and beauty for commercial purposes is not catching on and the rural districts will be spared the vulgar beauty contests that have been so common in the cities the past year.

Turkeys can now retire to their second line of defence till Christmas. —Toronto Telegram.

Israel Zangwill has expressed it well when he says the United States is suffering from truthache. —Toronto Star.

China's population is now 436,044,953, and that proves it takes something besides people to make a nation. —Pacific Coast Service.

Judging from the price of eggs, Ontario hens should be sent some of those Government bulletins on greater production. —Peterborough Examiner.

Take time to be systematic, and Christmas shopping will not be difficult. The rush at the last kills the

### ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT

The farther Scotsman gang frae hame they seem to grow the fonder. O' everything that's Scotch in name, An' crack about it yonder—Avont Atlantic's briny foam; They a' ken an' neither—The Scotch's at hame wher'er he roam An' share to find a brither!

Chorus

St. Andrew's Caledonians, Clans As Sons o' Scotland gather; An' Gaelic braw "John Heilin" mans. Are proud o' hame and heather!

An' when St. Andrew's day comes roon There's a demonstration. They march wi' pipers through the toon.

In honor o' oor nation; At night they spread a' table fair, An' mak' a' jolly party—They're share to hae a' guid things there.

Tae mak, them crouse an' hearty!

The hall is set a' roon wi' flags. And sometimes screeds o' tartan; Wi' claymores, shields and helms o' stags.

Frae Oban and Dumbarton! Each coat, in buttonhole, is seen A' sprig o' Heilin heather. Wi' a' bonnie rose-bud in between. To show they gree thegither!

It's then they crack o' Scotland's nicht. O' Wallace, Knox, an' Burns; An' how a' Scotsman fechts for richt, Gie speeches a' in turns!

The auld Scotch sangs their hearts enthral, They lo'e the words sae fine, Tae the "wee short hour ayont the twal."

When they part wi' "Auld Lang Syne."

—John Imrie.

### SERMON

The shades of night were falling fast When through a crowded village passed

A motorist, ablaze with wine, Who did not heed the warning sign: "STOP!"

The young man left this earthly state And skidded toward the golden gate. But good Saint Peter met him there And flagged him with a chilly stare: "STOP!"

"The proper place for you, young man, Is down among the wild-eyed clan Where wretches astraddle motors roar On brimstone roads forever more—'DETOUR!'"

## To Hell and Back

There were no return tickets from the creedal hell. It was a real lake of fire and brimstone, and the unfortunate sinners, including little babes who were unchristened, and the millions of heathen who had never heard of Jesus, were roasted there for ever. But man's better judgment and intelligence revolted, owing to the great enlightenment of recent times, so it was modified to mental anguish, but was still to be eternal.

### Satan's Masterpiece

The human creeds have been Satan's greatest deception, for they have linked this God-dishonoring doctrine of a lake of fire with the Word of God. This made Paynes and Ingels souls by the millions who have thus turned away from God and the Bible. But the hail (hard hitting truth) is sweeping away the refuge of lies.

The Bible Hell, the great prison-house of death, is as often translated "grave" as "hell," and means the sleep of death, from which there is an awakening.

### MR. CUTFORTH

of Toronto, a notable Bible expositor, will give this great lecture—"To Hell and Back." Come and hear the literal hell theory exploded and God's love vindicated.

SUNDAY EVE., DEC. 9th, at 7.30 p.m. in the I.B.S.A. Hall. All Welcome - No Collection



Mr. Cutforth

### West Huntingdon

Mr. Sandy McCurdy is erecting a new house.

Mrs. McCauley of Fuller, missionary supt. for Huntingdon Township, visited the St. Andrew's and Methodist Sunday Schools on Sunday.

spitting addresses at both schools. Although the weather was a little stormy there was a good attendance at both schools.

Mrs. Hugh McFee, of Keene, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Adams.

The Methodist people are cleaning and re-decorating their church. The church services, Sunday School and League have been withdrawn until work is completed.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilson attended the funeral of their cousin, Mrs. Chas. Scott, of Frankford, on Tuesday.

There is to be a meeting at the Orange Hall on Thursday evening for the purpose of organizing a pig club. Also to see about having an agricultural class at West Huntingdon this winter.

West Huntingdon was represented at Moira and Eggleton on Thursday evening. Reports from both places show both gatherings enjoyable and helpful.

Mr. Jas Haggerty is attending County Council at Belleville.

Mr. Harold Ashley has a radio installed at his residence.

The L.O.L. met on Monday evening and held their annual meeting. Following officers were elected:

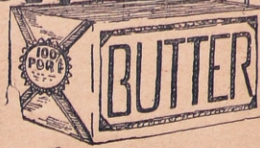
W. M.—Bro. Philip Carr  
D. M.—Bro. Morley Haggerty.  
Chap.—Bro. Foster Wilson,  
Rec. Sec.—Bro. Arthur Wilson  
Fin. Sec.—Bro. Lorne Wilson.  
Treas.—Bro. Ed. Reid.

1st Lect.—Bro. Don Haggerty.  
2nd Lect.—Bro. Russell Rupert.  
Tyler.—Bro. W. Wright.  
Direc. Cer.—Bro. Frank Ashley.

### ARE YOU A VICTIM OF WORRY?

"Worry, the Disease of the Age," is the title of a book written some years ago by Dr. C. W. Saleeby, of Edinburgh, Scotland. Few regard worry as a disease; many even think it a righteous and virtuous frame of mind, showing as it does a lively realization not only of the things that are, but of the disagreeable and trying things to come. Worry in itself not only implies the absence of happiness, but it should be regarded as the cause of ill-fate greater than itself—the cause predisposing to disease which would otherwise have been escaped altogether; the cause determining the fatal issue of illness which would otherwise have been recovered from; a potent cause, probably the most of all causes, of sleeplessness; a great con-

## GROCERIES for the HOLIDAYS



## G. H. LUERY & SON'S

Store News

### FROM THE ECONOMY STORE

Keep Your Cost of Living Down by buying your eats at  
Luery's The Low Price Cash Store

Hallowi Dates 10c. lb., 3 lbs for 25c.  
New Figs.....10c. lb.  
Cleaned Currants.....15c. lb.  
Seedless Raisins 15c. lb., 2 lbs. 25c.  
Cowan's Pure Cocoa 2 lbs. for 25c.  
Delmonte Seedless and Seeded Raisins 15 doz. pkgs. 17c. 3 for 50c.  
1 lb mixed Peel.....40c.  
Coffee in Bean, ground while you wait 39c. lb., 3 lbs.....\$1.00  
Extra Large Prunes.....15c. lb.  
Shelled Almonds and Walnuts. No. 1 selects.....60c. lb.  
Cranberries.....20c. lb.  
Cooking Onions 7c. lb.....70c. pk.  
Shiriff's Jelly Powders. 3 pkgs. 25c.  
"Orange Marmalade in 4 lb. glass jars.....\$1.00  
Shiriff's Pineapple Marmalade, 4 lb. glass jars.....\$1.40

Chocolates.....29c. lb.  
Mixed Candy.....25c. lb.  
Navel Oranges, 40c., 50c., 60c. doz.  
Lemons.....30c. doz.  
24 lb. Bag Pastry Flour.....\$1.00  
3 lbs. Spanish Onions for.....25c.  
10 lb. Pail Pure Lard.....\$2.25  
No. 1 Pink Salmon...2 cans for 35c.  
20 lb. Bag Rolled Oats.....\$1.00  
1 lb. Mince Meat.....30c.  
Soda Biscuits.....15c. lb.  
1 lb. Pail Peanut Butter.....35c.  
1 lb. Pure Pepper.....30c.  
6 lbs. Corn Meal.....25c.  
The Best Broom in Stirling for...75c.  
Quaker Corn Flakes, package...10c.  
Mushrooms, tin.....50c.  
Best Red Salmon, per tin 25c., 35c.

## G. H. LUERY & SON

PHONE 23.

Goods Promptly Delivered in the Corporation.

### ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO.

Provides the best training in Bookkeeping, Accountancy, Shorthand, Typewriting, Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Correspondence, Penmanship, Office Practice and other commercial subjects. This is the most widely attended and best known Business College in Canada.

Write for the New Illustrated Catalogue (free.)

I. L. MOORE, PRINCIPAL

### REST

My feet are wearied, and my hands are tired,  
My soul oppressed—  
And I desire, what I have long desired  
Rest—only rest.

'Tis hard to toil—when toil is almost vain,  
In barren ways;  
'Tis hard to sow—and never garner grain,  
In harvest days.

The burden of my days is hard to bear,  
But God knows best;  
And I have prayed—but vain has been my prayer  
For rest—sweet rest.

'Tis hard to plant in Spring and never reap  
The autumn yield;  
'Tis hard to till, and 'tis tilted to weep  
O'er fruitless field.

So I cry a weak and human cry,  
So heart oppressed;  
And so I sigh a weak and human sigh,  
For rest—for rest.

My way has wound across the desert years,  
And cares infest  
My path, and through the flowing of hot tears,  
I pine—for rest.

'Twas always so; when but a child I laid  
On mother's breast  
My wearied little head; e'en then I prayed  
As now—for rest.

And I am restless still, 'twill soon be o'er;  
For down the West  
Life's sun is setting, and I see the shore  
Where I shall rest.

### Commoner than Weeds

It is no longer necessary to mow the weeds in the vacant lots. They are all occupied by filling stations.



## Santa Claus

HAS VISITED BUTLER'S and left a Big Assortment of Xmas Gifts such as:

Toys and Notions for the Young folks.  
Books for Boys and Girls.  
Dolls and Games of all kinds.  
Music Rolls and Sheet Music.  
Papeteries from 13c. to \$2.50.  
Candy in bulk and in boxes, from 35c. to \$2.00.  
Toiletries of all kinds, including Ivory Pieces, Ebony Pieces, Compacts, Perfumes in boxes, from 25c. to \$5.00.  
Safety Razors &c. &c.

We have also the largest and best variety of Xmas Booklets we have ever shown, also Sample Book for Personal Greeting Cards.

A Nice Gift at Christmas is—  
4 VICTOR RECORDS \$3.00

Call and have a look at our display.

**J. G. BUTLER**

Drug Store  
Phone 109 Opp. Union Bank

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

### PONTON, PONTON & GRAHAM

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc.

Solicitors for  
Bank of Montreal, Belleville,  
Merchants Bank of Canada, Belleville,  
Town of Deseronto.

Offices: BELLEVILLE and STIRLING

Stirling Office open Tuesdays and Fridays.

R. D. PONTON, W. N. PONTON, K. C. R. J. E. GRAHAM.

### COLLINS & CUSHING

Barristers and Solicitors

A. B. COLLINS - F. G. CUSHING

OFFICES: BELLEVILLE and TWEED

Company and Private Funds to Loan on First Mortgages.

### FRANK BAALIM

Barrister Solicitor Notary Public

Conveyancer, Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Will visit Stirling by appointment. Office in Madoc Wednesday to Saturday inclusive. Office in Bancroft Tuesday.

## Local and Personal

Snow Ball time! December 11th.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Hulin have moved into rooms over the Union Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. McGee spent the week end with friends in Belleville.

Miss Myrtle M. MacMullen is home from Toronto for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wells, of Marmora, were Sunday guests of Mrs. C. Reynolds.

Mrs. S. E. Dack, of Toronto, is spending a couple of days with her sister, Mrs. J. G. Butler.

WANTED—400 people to help roll snowballs at the Empire Theatre, Tuesday, Dec. 11th.

Mr. Arnold Wannamaker, of Stirling, has purchased a farm in the 5th con. of Murray from Mr. Harvey Squiston. Weaver & Diamond made the sale.

The postmistress would remind the public to do its Christmas mailing early—in the day! One o'clock p.m. will be in fine time for the next day's mail! Better start early.

Stirling W. I. put on its Hallowe'en concert at Ivanhoe on Tuesday evening. They report a large audience and the kindest hospitality on the part of the Ivanhoe people.

"The Snowball" is under the direction of Jerry Coute and promises to be up to the standard. You can't afford to miss it.

Lehigh Coal this week—1 car No. 1 anthracite pea coal, \$22.75 on car, \$13.50 delivered. Phone your order. Phone 38. FRED N. MCKEE.

The musical numbers by Bessie Conley and Dr. A. C. Locke will be well worth the price of admission to the Library play in the Empire Theatre, Tuesday, Dec. 11th. Plan at Lucy's. Prices 37c. and 55c.

Mr. James Batstone, who has been on the staff of the local branch of the Union Bank, is leaving to take a position in the thriving border town of Walkerville. Mr. J. M. Brewis, who arrived recently from England, is filling the vacancy on the local bank staff caused by Mr. Batstone's removal.—Norwood Register.

At the Y. P. L. on Monday evening four minute sermons were given by Bessie Dickens, Eric Mumby, Emma Totten, Morley Keegan, Gladys Rollins and Myrtle Reid. They were from altogether different texts, and each was well prepared and well given, furnishing good solid food for reflection. Solos were given by Mrs. Harry Roberts and Miss Helen Brown.

## Wedding Bells

HERMON-TANNER

On Saturday, Dec. 1st, at 11 a.m., a pretty but quiet wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Scott, when their cousin, Lorne Percival Hermon, of Sidney township, was happily united in marriage to Mabel Irene Tanner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Tanner, of Sidney township. The service was performed by Rev. J. R. Butler, of Foxboro.

## River Valley

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Herman spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Royal Herman.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Bush spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Bush, 2nd con. of Sidney.

The Girls' Branch of the W. I. met at the school house on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hanna and children and Mrs. S. Dix spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Hanna, West Huntingdon.

We are sorry to hear that Mrs. Easter Donohue is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bush and Evelyn spent the week end at the home of Mr. Jared Hanna, Corbyville.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Utman and Dorothy, Miss Isabel Park and Mr. Sheldon McIntosh spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Burkitt, 4th con. of Sidney.

## Wellmans W. I.

Wellmans Branch of the W. I. met at the home of Mrs. Embury on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 29th, with a good attendance.

This meeting was opened by singing the Ode, followed by the reading of the minutes of the last meeting. The program included a reading by Miss Mary Stiles, solo by Mrs. George Watson. Miss Emma Rainie gave a splendid report of the convention held in Toronto the week before. A bird contest by Miss Lelia Pollock gave plenty of amusement and was followed by community singing. Mrs. Embury served maple candy.

The collection amounted to 90c.

Mrs. Hubble moved a vote of thanks to Mrs. Embury, seconded by Mrs. Morton.

The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Chas. Morton on Dec. 13. Program committee Mrs. Watson and Mrs. Rupert.

The meeting closed by singing the National Anthem.

## Sunday Services

Stirling Methodist Church

PASTOR—REV. C. W. BARRETT

SUNDAY, DEC. 9TH

10 a.m.—Sunday School.

11 a.m.—Rev. F. G. Joblin.

7 p.m.—Rev. F. G. Joblin.

Monday, 8 p.m.—Young People's League.

Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer Service, 7.30 p.m.

CARMEL, SUNDAY, DEC. 9TH

2.30 p.m.—Rev. F. G. Joblin.

Thursday, 8 p.m.—Young People's League.

St. Andrew's Church Services

MINISTER—REV. ROBERT SIMPSON

SUNDAY, DEC. 9TH.

10 a.m.—Sabbath School.

11 a.m.—The Minister—No. 5, Messages from the Prophets.

7 p.m.—The Minister—No. 6, Messages from the Prophets.

Choir practise Friday, 8 p.m.

Rawdon Circuit Notes

REV. FRED G. JOBLIN, Pastor.

SUNDAY, DEC. 9TH, 1923.

10.30 a.m.—Mt. Pleasant

2.30 p.m.—Wellmans

7.00 p.m.—Bethel.

Rev. C. W. Barrett, of Stirling will conduct these services, subject "Missions."

Friday evening, Dec. 7th—Community Club, addressed by Rev. F. G. Joblin.

Dr. A. C. Locke will give violin selections, together with local talent.

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE—200 ACRES WOOD & Pasture, lot 1, con. 1, Marmora, adjoining gravel road. G. S. Eastwood, Bonarlaw. 13-14

LUMBER AND WOOD FOR SALE—Several thousand feet of lumber at a bargain while it lasts; also good hard wood, dry or green. Phone 39-21. H. V. Hoover. 147

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL house work. No washing. Apply to Mrs. J. W. Searles. Phone 62. 12-13

POULTRY WANTED

Will start shipping poultry on Tuesday, Sept. 11th and Thursday, Sept. 18th, at residence Frankford Corner.

Will ship every Tuesday and Thursday until further notice. All poultry must be delivered not later than 12 o'clock noon.

52-11. JOHN TANNER.

SALE REGISTER

AUCTION SALE—Of first-class farm, The farm of 180 acres more or less, is situated 4 1/2 miles north of Stirling, in the Township of Rawdon, Con. 6, part lots 12 and 13, mostly under cultivation. Has about 1000 young apple trees which would bear well next season. Has a first-class bank barn that will stable 50 head of stock, has a large, warm, commodious stone house and other buildings. This farm will be sold to the highest bidder. A large range with water jacket to connect with the bath-room, and a milking machine will be offered for sale at the same time. Sale to be held on the farm premises on Dec. 15th, 1923, at 2 o'clock p.m. For further particulars write R. L. McAfee, 338 Sunnydale Ave., Toronto, or see Herb. Hadley, Jeweller, Stirling, Ont.

HENRY WALLACE, Auctioneer.

Self-Restraint

Lady—The idea of a great big, husky man like you asking a stranger for money.

Trump—I know lady, but I'm too kind-hearted to tap you on the bean an' take it away.

Fortissimo

"Whwat's that noise, Mrs. Mulcahey?"

"It's me daughter Maggie runnin' up and down the scales."

"Begorra, she must weigh a ton."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF DANIEL W. SARLES, late of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the late Daniel W. Sarles, who died on or about the 1st day of October, A.D. 1923, at the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid, on or before the 27th day of December, 1923, to the said George Martin, or to their solicitors, their names, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars in writing, verified by statutory declaration of the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after said date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets of the said estate or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice is not then received.

DATED at Belleville the 26th day of November, A.D. 1923.

DONNAN & MACAULAY, Solicitors for the Executors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF GEORGE MARTIN, late of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Chapter 121, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of George Martin, late of the Township of Rawdon in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased, who died on or about the 13th day of August, 1923, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid, on or before the 27th day of December, 1923, to the said George Martin, or to their solicitors, their names, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars in writing, verified by statutory declaration of the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after said date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets of the said estate or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice is not then received.

DATED at Belleville the 14th day of November, A.D. 1923.

Chartered Trust and Executor Coy. Administrator.

46 King St., West, Toronto.

Messrs. Porter, Butler & Payne, 219 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Solicitors for the Estate.

## Rupture Sufferers!

Mr. J. O. Thompson, of Thompson and Huyck, sole proprietors of Thompson's Renowned Rupture Remedy has agreed to come to this locality and will be at the

## WHITTY HOTEL

STIRLING  
DECEMBER 8th. ONE DAY ONLY

for consultation and to give free advice to all Rupture Sufferers. Arrange to see Mr. Thompson. His remedy is unconditionally guaranteed.

Here is what one man writes:

Our son was ruptured, and the bowel became strangulated so bad that it was impossible to replace the protruded part, the doctor advised an immediate operation.

"When you advised us an operation was unnecessary we were very much in doubt."

"However, we were guided by your advice and we were exceedingly glad for the rupture was replaced almost immediately without pain. By the use of Thompson's Renowned Rupture Remedy the rupture has completely disappeared leaving no opening whatever."

"Besides saving the cost of an operation, we have also saved the wages of a hired man as the boy has worked steady since he commenced your treatment. We strongly recommend Thompson's Renowned Rupture Remedy to anyone suffering from rupture."

BERT MCCOY,  
R.R. No. 2, Madoc.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF GERMAN I. BAILEY, LATE OF VILLAGE OF STIRLING, IN THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS, FARMER, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all the creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of German I. Bailey who died on or about the 4th day of November, 1923, at the said Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings are required to deliver or send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned their names, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars of their claims or right to share in the Estate, and full particulars of any security held by them.

After such date the Executor will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and will not be liable for the assets to any person whose notice of claim shall not have been received by him at such time.

DATED AT TORONTO this 23rd day of November, A.D. 1923.

W. R. WILLARD,  
155 Roncesvalles Ave.  
Toronto.

Solicitor for the Executor of the Estate.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS

IN THE ESTATE OF ERNEST ARTHUR JOHNSTON late of the Township of Rawdon in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the late Ernest Arthur Johnston who died on or about the 17th day of October, A.D. 1923, at the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned, their names and addresses, and a statement of their claims, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after said date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and that the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice is not then received.

DATED at Belleville the 27th day of November, A.D. 1923.

DONNAN & MACAULAY, Solicitors for the Executors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIETT C. SCOTT, late of the Village of Stirling, Widow, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 121, and amendments thereto, that creditors and others having any claim or demands against the Estate of Harriett C. Scott, who died on or about the fourteenth day of October, 1923, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid, on or before the 27th day of December, 1923, to the said Wm. J. Parks, or to their solicitors, their names and addresses and all particulars of their claims, and statement of their accounts and the nature of the security, if any, held by them duly verified.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after that date, the 27th day of December, the said Executors will proceed to distribute among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

AND that the said executor will not be liable for the said Estate or any part thereof, any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Stirling, this 21st day of November, A.D. 1923.

WM. J. PARKS, Executor.

DONNAN & MACAULAY, Solicitors for the Estate.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE ESTATE OF GEORGE MARTIN, late of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Chapter 121, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of George Martin, late of the Township of Rawdon in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased, who died on or about the 13th day of August, 1923, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid, on or before the 27th day of December, 1923, to the said George Martin, or to their solicitors, their names, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars in writing, verified by statutory declaration of the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after said date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets of the said estate or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice is not then received.

DATED at Belleville the 14th day of November, A.D. 1923.

Chartered Trust and Executor Coy. Administrator.

46 King St., West, Toronto.

Messrs. Porter, Butler & Payne, 219 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Solicitors for the Estate.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS

IN THE ESTATE OF ELIZABETH R. WEAVER, late of the Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, Widow, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the late Elizabeth R. Weaver, who died on or about the 6th day of November, A.D. 1923, at the Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned, their names and addresses and a statement of their claims, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after said date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and that the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice is not then received.

DATED at Belleville the 1st day of December, A.D. 1923.

DONNAN & MACAULAY, Court House Bldg., Belleville, Ont.

Solicitors for the Executors.

13-14-15-16.

## Dr. S. R. McCrea, B.Sc.

Physician and Surgeon.

X-Rays a Specialty.

1704 Front St. Belleville

Opposite City Hall

Phone 1200

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16 years experience. Prompt and efficient service. Phone 87-12

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## DR. ARTHUR C. LOCKE

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR.

Special Attention to Ear, Nose, & Throat, Surgery and Midwifery.

Late Resident London Hospital, London, Eng., and Lying-in Hospital, New York. (Office of the late Dr. Bissonnette.)

STIRLING ONT.

## Dr. GEO. C. SNELL

Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrician.

Graduate of the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Toronto.

PHONE 87-14 - SPRINGBROOK

## Ivanhoe

The members of Bonarlaw Women's Institute visited Ivanhoe Institute on Wednesday, Nov. 28th. The meeting was held in the Town Hall. The visiting members furnished the program and the local Institute served the lunch. The afternoon was much enjoyed by all.

The rains of the past week have been very welcome as water supplies were very low in many places.

The regular monthly meeting of Beulah W.M.S. was held at the home of Mrs. John Clement on Tuesday, 20th. This was the first work meeting for the winter. Mrs. Clement served dinner and a quilt was quilted after which the missionary program was given.

The Women's Institute had a very successful sewing bee in the Town Hall on Thurs. 22nd, making garments for the Children's Shelter, Belleville.

Miss Mollie Comerford, of Eldorado, spent the week-end with her cousin, Miss Lillian Mitz, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Mitz attended anniversary services in Tweed on Sunday.

Miss Laura Moore is visiting friends in Toronto.

S. S. 1 & 3 Huntingdon

Report for October



## For the Boys and Girls

### "TERENCE"

The Autobiography of a Cocker Spaniel. By F. M. Atwood

"Yes, my name is Terrence; but I am called Terry for short. I am a black Cocker Spaniel, a very handsome and a very clever dog. That's what my Mistress says, and she ought to know, for she knows me most everything. To be sure she does make mistakes sometimes, for I have heard her say, I must not eat any more, that I have had plenty, when truly I am very hungry.

The first thing I can remember was being taken away from a nice warm bed, where I was sleeping beside my mother and three little brothers. I shall never forget that first night away from my mother. I was cold, hungry and miserable, and when I cried a great big tall man called me a "little whelp of misery"; which only made me cry more, for his gruff voice frightened me. And, Oh! I did want my Mother. The big man tried in vain to quiet me; at last in despair he put me down the leg of an old pair of trousers, first fastening up the end with one of his ties; after which I felt more comfortable, and soon fell asleep. The next morning, first giving me a drink of cold milk, he put me in a horrid box and nailed slats over it. Then the box was lifted into a cart, and I was driven to a noisy place (which I have since learned was called a station) and put on the train.

After a long and tedious day, for I was frightened and couldn't sleep, the rattle of the cars made my head ache. I was taken off the train and again put in a cart. After a few minutes ride I reached my final destination. It was then I first met my Mistress. She took me out of the box, gave me nice, warm milk to drink, petted and cuddled me in her arms, stroking my long silky ears, making me feel more comfortable and happy than I had been since I left my dear Mamma.

Before many days had passed I felt quite at home, and had become the pet of the whole household—with all except the old Collie dog Bounce. He tolerated me—that was all. To be sure, as time went on I did worry him a good deal—tumbling over him, pulling his whiskers, and biting his tail—and often just when he had settled down, hoping to have a nice quiet nap.

My Mistress commenced my education at once. I soon knew each member of the family by name, and every thing I was put to. I was told to say goodnight, which meant I had to go to each person and hold up my paw—my right paw, I never forgot that—to shake hands. I would do it as quickly as possible, knowing full well that as soon as I had finished my Mistress would give me some nice little "tid bit."

You have really no idea how clever I soon became. I will tell you some of the things I learned to do. To beg and trust; that is, I would balance a piece of cake or pudding on my nose, while my Mistress counted ten, then I would toss it up in the air by giving my nose a sudden jerk, and catch it in my mouth as it came down. When she counted slowly I found it hard to wait for it to smelt so very good; that for some reason my nose would go higher and higher, so that often before she came to the ten the cake would roll off. And then my Mistress was hard-hearted enough to make me start all over again. I could shut the door, salute just like a soldier; my mistress made me a pretty cap, which I would run and bring to her when told to do so. Then, when she put it on my head, with the elastic under my chin, I would stand up on my hind legs and touch it with my paw. I learned to dance on my hind legs. I have quite an ear for music, and can keep time very nicely. I could put out a lighted match by jumping on it. When asked what other dogs do when they are tired, I would yawn. I learned to say please, to give three cheers for the King, and to carry a newspaper or basket home from the Post Office in my mouth. Smoke a pipe—or rather I held a pipe in my mouth and pretended to smoke. To jump over a stick, to know not only my right hand from my left, but also to know which was my Mistress's right hand, and would not take anything out of her left one. She used to try hard to puzzle me by crossing them, by putting them behind her back, etc., but I always knew and never touched anything, even if told I might, till she offered it to me in her right hand.

Indeed, my accomplishments became so numerous that it might tire you if I told you of them all. And as my paws were not made for holding a pen very handily, I wish to tell my story as briefly as possible.

I always loved to go for a walk with my Mistress, and do even now, although I have grown old and stiff, and spend most of my time sleeping in the sunshine, or by the warm kitchen fire, dreaming of the good times I have had in my life. Yes, and she had ones, too!

There is one house we have to pass to get to the village, where a big black and white dog lives, of which I am very much afraid, and as my motto has ever been "discretion is the better part of valor," when I get near this place I trot off down a side street, and meet my Mistress again at the

While I was so ill my Mistress was very good to me, petting and calling me "Poor little dog," etc. But when I got better she was everlastingly lecturing me about overeating and would quote good Doctor Arnold. Exceedingly bad taste I think, not to let the matter drop (besides, when Dr. Arnold talked about "making gods of their insides," he was alluding to little boys who are always greedy, and not to little dogs at all).

I have heard the family say I was a very destructive puppy, but all puppies love to tear up things. Of course, if I found rubbers left in the porch, naturally I would run off with them; they are such nice things to shake, and when they flap against your ears, why you feel you must tear them up, if only to punish them. There were some peculiar black creatures, that the young ladies of the house sometimes took out with them, called umbrellas, which when lying quiet were very harmless looking, but when they took them up and gave them a shake they swelled out in a most extraordinary manner I could not understand, and I had a great desire to investigate them. But when not in use, they were always put up on the rack, for my Mistress said, "It was as well not to put temptation in my way." So I had to wait a long time before I had an opportunity, but at last it came. One day I was passing the open porch, and on glancing in saw to my joy an umbrella leaning against the door. With a growl of delight I pounced on it, and dragged it out on the lawn. Very soon it was in shreds—nothing but its bones left. I tried to eat them, but they were too hard for even my sharp teeth. I was having a thoroughly happy time, when I heard the front door open, and for some reason when I heard that sound a very guilty feeling crept over me. Just as I was disappearing rapidly round the corner I heard a strange voice say, "I wonder what can have become of my umbrella; I am sure I left it here in the porch." I didn't wait to hear more, but shortly afterwards my Mistress came round the house with a switch in her hand, and—well, I don't care to talk about it, but for a while I didn't feel very comfortable! I never look at umbrellas now.

When I was about two years old I was taken to the Bench Show. I was away from home two whole days. I don't think I was ever so unhappy in my life. I was kept tied up all the time, and the dogs were howling and crying all round me. I took the second prize, which was quite an honor, and was told I would have taken first if I had not been so fat. I was overweight—my Mistress's fault for giving me so much porridge. The dog who took the first prize was one they were sending all over the country, and I believe he took the prizes everywhere.

I have had my photograph taken many times, but they never do me justice, so now when I see them pretending to take a picture of me I usually turn my back. There is one, however, which is not so bad. I have on my forager cap and am smoking a pipe. It was taken the day after we—Bounce and myself—went up to Stony Lake by ourselves. I must tell you about that trip. It happened this way:

One morning we had been out hunting groundhogs in a field a short distance from the house, and on our return, imagine our dismay on finding that the whole family had gone from home. We have an island up on Stony Lake, where we sometimes go camping. We thought most probably they had gone there, and feeling very indignant at having been left behind, raced down the hot dusty road to the wharf, which is about a mile away. The steamer was just leaving the shore, but we managed to jump on. To our great disappointment we found none of our "Ain folk" on board; still, we made up our minds to have a good time anyway. Every time the steamer stopped, we rushed to see if it was at Fairhaven (our island), but, no! We were much annoyed that the boat did not take us there, though they must have known that was where we wished to go. What fun we would have had, chasing the squirrels and chipmunks and hunting the groundhogs, when there was no one there to forbid us. We got home late in the afternoon, very hot, very tired and hungry, and a trifle out of humor, but were glad to find that the family had returned, and from their conversation I gathered that they had driven into Peterborough, a town some miles distant. They were very curious to know where we had been, and I overheard Mistress say, "I would not be surprised if these dogs have been up to Stony Lake on the steamerboat. I shall make inquiries of the Captain," which I believe she did. Poor old Bounce, he is dead now, but they have got another upstart of a collie, who worries my life out—always wanting to play when I am tired. Mistress says it is a punishment to me for having teased Bounce so much. I wonder if he minded as much as I did. I'm so sorry I bothered him.

The Island is a lively place; has water all round it you know. I love water; Bounce hated it. The only time he would go into the water was if anyone fired off a gun, when he would be so frightened that he would swim

away over to the adjacent island. I like to be in the water all the time, hunting frogs, mud turtles, etc. And, oh! it is such fun to jump in after the float, when anyone is fishing. The trouble is, I get scolded when I do; but, after all, what is a bit of scolding anyway. No dog with any spirit could resist a float bobbing up and down as though laughing at him. He would simply have to go and catch it, no matter what were the consequences.

Sometimes I get rheumatism, and then I am tied up so that I can't go into the water at all, which makes me feel very sad and sorry for myself. There is much more I could tell you, but since I got hurt by the mower I find writing rather difficult, my toes never having quite regained their old suppleness, and as I am rather tired and very sleepy—I think I will bid you all good-bye.

Not What She Meant. At a party the husband of one of the guests arrived very late. "I have only come to take my wife home," he explained. "Oh, my dear Mr. Blank," said the gushing hostess, "why didn't you come sooner?"

Oatmeal is responsible for more defective teeth than either white flour or rice.



AN AIR FORCE ROMANCE

Hon. Monica Grenfell, the lovely and vivacious daughter of Lord Desborough, the sporting earl, is to marry Sir John Salmond, one of the most distinguished men in the Royal Air Force. The marriage is a surprise as Sir John, though both handsome and charming, was believed to be wholly wedded to his career. He is a widower and in command of British forces in Bagdad and the Valley of the Euphrates. Lord Desborough at one time swam the Niagara River just below the Falls.

## CANADA AIDS REFORESTATION

After a period of inactivity extending over a period of twelve months, the seed extraction plant of the Forestry Branch of the Department has recommenced operations, and settlers, lumbermen and others are now busily engaged in the gathering of fir cones at many points in the Fraser Valley, from New Westminster to North Bend. While the quantity of cones to be gathered this year is somewhat smaller than that of 1921, it is estimated that some 3,000 socks will be secured, from which approximately 5,000 pounds of first-class seed will be recovered.

Only Douglas fir cones will be collected this year in the Fraser Valley. All of the seed to be collected is on the order of the British Forestry Commission of London, with the exception of 200 pounds of Douglas fir seed, which has been ordered by the Government of New Zealand. The British Forestry Commission also has ordered a quantity of red cedar seed. As a rule, red cedar is scarce and difficult to obtain. This year, however, it is very plentiful.

In 1921, the first year the plant was operated, somewhat over 12,000 pounds of tree seed was secured, 4,000 pounds of which was Douglas fir, 700 pounds of Western hemlock, and the balance miscellaneous. Of this amount, about 7,000 pounds was shipped to the Forestry Commission of Great Britain. In addition shipments were made from the New Westminster plant to New Zealand, Tasmania, to the different provinces of Canada, as well as to associations or individuals in the United States, Belgium, France, Sweden, Norway, Finland and Peru.

Discussed at Empire Forestry Conference. The need of greater attention being paid to reforestation was fully emphasized at the recent Empire Forestry Conference, held in Canada. While this country has immense timber reserves, consumption has been increasing rapidly, and many pulp and paper and lumber companies, as well as the provincial and federal governments, have begun an active campaign of reforestation which will undoubtedly benefit to all concerned. In Great Britain, the British Forestry Commission is actively engaged in seeding land cut over during the war and planting such other areas as a survey of the British Isles has shown can be more profitably devoted to trees than to any other crop.

It is anticipated that the demand for seed will continue unabated, and orders will be received not only from England and the Dominions but other countries as well. Tests have shown that a number of Canadian trees, especially Douglas fir and Sitka spruce, do well in Great Britain and European countries, and Canada's activities in the production of tree seed should be a benefit to both Canada and the Empire as a whole, and give a decided impetus to reforestation in all parts of the world.

The most spectacular case that has ever come under the doctor's observation occurred not long ago, when a woman was brought into the Women's Hospital in such a condition that an immediate operation was necessary. The woman was prepared at once for the operating table, but through some misunderstanding there was a delay. So customary is it to regard such a case as a surgical one that Dr. Baldwin almost forgot the spectro-chrome until she saw the excruciating torture being undergone by the patient and the impossibility of administering immediate relief. Even then she thought only of numbing the pain until the operation might be performed.

She ordered the patient carried into the dark room, covered all but the affected spot and turned on the indigo light. In twenty minutes all pain left the sufferer and an operation was found to be unnecessary. In order to make sure that the cure was lasting, the patient was kept at the hospital for two days, during which time spectro-chrome was applied twice a day, and she was then permitted to return to her home.

Treatments are usually of about half an hour's duration, unless for some reason the prescribing physician increases the time to an hour.

Dr. Baldwin mentioned the cure of a case of hiccups which had lasted without intermission for ten days before the wife of the victim heard of the work performed by the spectro-chrome device and called in Dr. Baldwin.

Carbuncles large and small, says Dr. Baldwin, yield to the spectro-chrome without the need of incision, and the beauty of the new treatment is that it is entirely free from pain. Flooding the carbuncle with indigo averts the usual agony accompanying the growth. Neuritis, that most painful of ailments, Dr. Baldwin asserts, succumbs readily to the beneficent blue rays; adhesions of the intestines are broken up when the wonder-working light appears; even smallpox, that dread scourge of the ages, could be cured in six or seven days if the patient were placed under green light all the time, Dr. Baldwin believes. And she adds that there would be no disfiguring scars.

A Striking Cure. The most spectacular case that has ever come under the doctor's observation occurred not long ago, when a woman was brought into the Women's Hospital in such a condition that an immediate operation was necessary. The woman was prepared at once for the operating table, but through some misunderstanding there was a delay. So customary is it to regard such a case as a surgical one that Dr. Baldwin almost forgot the spectro-chrome until she saw the excruciating torture being undergone by the patient and the impossibility of administering immediate relief. Even then she thought only of numbing the pain until the operation might be performed.

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## Curing Human Ills With Rainbow Tints

The relation of light to health has engaged attention since long before the Biblical philosopher wrote: "Truly the light is sweet, and a pleasant thing it is for the eyes to behold the sun."

From the days when our first forefathers noted the difference in a plant set in shadow from the same plant set in sunshine, knowledge of the virtue in light has progressed, until now it is generally conceded by science that light is as important an element of life as food.

In medicine light has been used from earliest times; the therapeutic application of sunlight is a mode of treatment handed down through generations. Sunlight came into use as a general tonic, and as a special tonic to the skin, while as a disinfectant its powers are systematically applied.

And now comes Dr. Dinshah P. Ghadiali, widely known scientist, and presents to the world the crowning achievement of his thirty years' research—spectro-chrome therapy, formerly called the attuned color wave therapy, a system of diagnosis and treatment of diseases and derangements brought to an almost unbelievable perfection.

In the course of experiment Dr. Ghadiali evolved a theory that all drugs and chemicals act in the human system through disengagement of color waves; that every element known exhibits a preponderance of one or more of the colors of the spectrum, and that the potency of an element depends on the potency of its color waves. As the sun, the source of all life and energy, imparts life to the world by waves of light (which light is white and is composed of seven colors—red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, and violet), it is plain, argues the doctor, that ultimately our bodies are also built of these elements—colors.

In health, the bodily elements (colors) are proportionately balanced. In illness, this balance is disturbed. Supplying the colors that are lacking, or reducing the supernormal ones, restores the perfect balance—or health. This is the rational system employed in spectrochome therapy.

One of its strongest advocates is Dr. Kate Baldwin, of Philadelphia, whose apparatus for treating disease with colored rays has attracted wide attention.

Blue Cures Burns.

Explaining how colors operate in restoring health, Dr. Baldwin took one of her recent cases, that of a child so severely burned in a bonfire that when she was laid on her hospital cot the attendants had to rest her on her face and one hip.

"Red," explained the doctor, "is fire color and contains a great proportion

of hydrogen. In order to counteract red, we apply blue, which has a large proportion of oxygen. By the use of spectro-chrome, this child was relieved of the frightful pain usually attending burn cases and has made remarkable progress."

Every drug or chemical, when analyzed, will tune up in its proper color in the spectro-chrome, say proponents of the school; there is never an instance where a color does not tune up always in the same place, so there is never any doubt as to what color should be applied to achieve the same (or better) result as would be attained if the patient were given the drug.

A man suffering from malarial fever might, for instance, take quinine. The blue wave, of which quinine is composed, would therefore be used by Dr. Baldwin in driving out the fever and curing the patient.

In Dr. Ghadiali's theory, red represents anger; yellow, mentality; green,

violet and purple are depressants, and magenta and scarlet are the emotions.

In treating a case, Dr. Baldwin made it clear that careful study of the patient and his malady shows to the experienced spectro-chrome operator just what color or colors are lacking or excessive, and relief is then applied.

The spectro-chrome is used to equalize circulation, to lower high blood pressure or to raise low blood pressure. Indigo may be used in place of morphine. Turquoise is a remarkable skin builder. Magenta, the color obtained by combining red and violet, the highest and lowest colors, is used for nervous people and for irritable hearts. Heart lesions have been cured by the use of this "emotional" color.

Magic Lantern. The apparatus used, in small machines, has the appearance of a cam-

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES OF COLORS

In the following table are shown the medicinal properties which it is asserted colors possess, and some of the maladies for which they are prescribed:

Color	Symbol	Effect	Remedy for
Red	Anger	Stimulant	Anemia
Orange	Jealousy	Stimulant	Low vitality
Yellow	Mentality	Nervine	Nerves
Lemon	Pride	Nutrient	Exhaustion
Green	Humility	Germicide	Poisons
Turquoise	Dignity	Germicide	Skin diseases
Blue	Intuition	Sedative	Burns
Indigo	Benevolence	Narcotic	Spasms
Violet	Spirituality	Depressant	Fevers
Purple	Veneration	Depressant	Blood pressure
Magenta	Love	Emotional	Heart
Scarlet	Lust	Emotional	Senility

humility; blue, intuition; violet, spirituality; magenta, love; lemon, pride; orange, jealousy; turquoise, dignity; indigo, benevolence; purple, veneration; scarlet, lust.

The attuned color wave system presents all the seven colors of white light from the lowest, red, to the highest, violet, and also five other colors not contained in the solar spectrum—two upper colors (lemon and turquoise) and three lower colors (scarlet, purple and magenta)—completing the tuning of the system just like a musical instrument into seven major and five minor keys.

The therapeutic properties of the colors are given as follows: Red and orange are stimulants; yellow and lemon are nervines or nutrients; green and turquoise are the germicides; blue and indigo are sedatives and nar-

era or an old-fashioned "magic lantern" in which five slides are inserted, combinations of which form the twelve necessary colors of the spectro-chrome. This small machine has a shutter which may be operated to increase or decrease the ordinary house current. The larger, more complicated machine has a thousand-watt electric lamp and five or six lenses, one of which collects the rays so that they may be concentrated on the desired object. This machine can be manipulated up or down, turned easily, slanted in the direction desired, its light-opening widened or closed as the operator may wish either to flush the whole body with light or to concentrate on a felon on a patient's finger.

The lamps used in the machines throw a light as near white as it is



How He'd Work It.

"See here Joe Smith! Why don't you make a new man out of yourself and may me that paw rent long over due!"

"Your Reverence, if I'd become a different man I wouldn't be responsible for any other fellow's bills."



## Hospital for Sick Children

COLLEGE ST., TORONTO.

Dear Mr. Editor:—

Recent discoveries in medical science have called attention to the great service rendered by an up-to-date hospital through facilities provided for research. Probably few laymen appreciate the amount of this work conducted under the auspices of the Hospital for Sick Children. Yet it is only by intensive study of the causes of children's diseases that the hospital staff has been able to establish a world famous record for cures. Statistics show that the rate of infant mortality in this Province has been steadily decreasing, until it is now among the lowest in the world. What that means is that hundreds of Ontario parents owe their children's lives to the research work in the laboratories of the Hospital for Sick Children.

Although the doctors give their services freely, the bills for equipment add up annually to a good many thousands of dollars. But in view of the results attained, I feel that not one of your readers will cavil at the money so spent, and I confidently venture the hope that many of them at this Christmas season will wish to enrol themselves in the Hospital's campaign on behalf of Ontario's childhood.

To carry on this research work there is not one cent except what comes in from voluntary subscriptions. For the care of the children occupying hospital cots there are certain statutory grants, but these represent a small part of the total. For instance, the Hospital doctors looked after an average of 253 in-patients and 192 out-patients daily. Quite a colony of ailing youngsters! And the expenditure—although whittled down with efficiency—was \$318,917. The income to the extent of at least \$100,000 depends upon the regard which the people of Ontario have for the Hospital's work and the generosity with which they express that regard.

May I ask you, Mr. Editor, to point out to your readers that since the establishment of the Hospital for Sick Children, at least four more Ontario youngsters in every hundred have survived the trials of childhood? For with that simple statement of fact before them, many of them will bestow their benevolence upon the work of the Hospital for Sick Children by sending some Christmas gift, according to their means, in care of the Secretary-Treasurer, at 67 College Street, Toronto.

Faithfully yours,  
IRVING E. ROBERTSON,  
Chairman of Appeal Committee.

Since the Hospital Opened its Doors in 1875, 65,231 In-Patients Treated—693,055 Attendances of Out-Patients.

Explained.

Scene—Soldiers' barrack-room at dinner-time.

Orderly Officer (inspecting men's dinner) asks—"Any complaints, men?"

Voice from the other end of table—"Yes, sir."

Officer—"Well what is it?"

Voice—"Spuds is bad, sir."

Officer—"Spuds is bad! Haw—er!"

Turning to sergeant. "Spuds is bad! Haw! What does he mean by spuds, sergeant?"

Sergeant (glaring at culprit)—"The man is higgerant, sir; he means 'taters'!"

According to the Pasteur Periodical, a magazine issued by the celebrated Pasteur Institute in Paris, tobacco smoke is highly antiseptic and kills, in a few moments, the primary bacteria of cholera, diphtheria and cerebrospinal meningitis.

Locality is of less significance in bird study than in any other branch of natural history, on account of the movement of birds from place to place.

Luck is the thing that helps you most when you don't trust to it.

## HEALTH EDUCATION

BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON  
Provincial Board of Health, Ontario

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at Spadina House, Spadina Crescent, Toronto.

From the very dawn of history vinegar, etc., but even attributed to prophets and kings of humanity long-ages ago, a theory of the animal nature that brought about sickness and death of contagion. The spontaneous generation of life was one of the earliest theories and was mentioned as far back as 610 B.C., by Aristotle and others. It stimulated the early writers to discussions as to how life originated and what forces or agencies were at work in taking away life. The supposed relation of bacteria to disease production also dates back before the Christian era. All of these theories were pure speculation. Even as early as 1850 Rayer and some of his associates had seen the little rods in the blood of animals dead of anthrax but without comprehending their importance. In 1860, Delafond demonstrated that the bacilli found in anthrax were living organisms, and not mere carriers or containers of the infection. But it was left to Pasteur to demonstrate fully that the bacteria were the sole cause of the disease, and to lay the real foundation of the germ theory. The true story of the birth of the germ theory disease begins when in 1876, we find Pasteur taking up the study of the anthrax organism.



THE EARTHWORM  
—From the Los Angeles Times.

## CAUSE OF BACKACHES

Every muscle in the body needs a supply of rich, red blood in proportion to the work it does. The muscles of the back are under a heavy strain and have but little rest. When the blood is thin they lack nourishment and rebel. The result is a sensation of pain in these muscles.

Many people are frightened into believing that backaches are due to kidney trouble, but the best medical authorities agree that backache is very seldom due to kidney trouble. In fact not more than one backache in a hundred has anything to do with the kidneys. The whole trouble is due to thin or impure blood, and those who are troubled with pains in the back or loins, either frequent or occasional, should look to the condition of the blood. It will be found in most cases that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by building up the blood and feeding the starved nerves and muscles will banish the pains and make you feel better in every other way. How much better it is to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for your blood than to give way to unreasonable alarm about your kidneys. If you really suspect your kidneys any doctor can make a test in ten minutes that will set your fears at rest, or tell you the worst.

All dealers in medicine sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



Still in the Higher Branches

Allice—"So you believe we were once nothing but tree-climbing monkeys?"

Tom—"Sure thing. Aren't the best of us only frisking about among the higher branches of education still?"

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

## Across Earth.

Once, I think, you looked down and saw what was before you. And begged not to come at all, and then heard one say—  
A wise one, your special one—"This is your journey."  
Then his gesture swept the sight from memory away.

Sandals of forgetfulness, staff and scrip of hoping.

He gave into your hand, and in a pale cloak.

He wrapped himself away from you, though you half knew him there.

Often . . . in blue twilight, in sunrise smoke.

A long road from sea to sea, . . . a hero's own highway,

You took it lonely, town after town, Forest and prairie. . . . Now, beyond the great divide,

Long past the desert, you are near the down.

Not like the eastern is the western ocean,

Its sky line is lost in mist, but at its near shore

Wonderful its colors, like a daytime sunset,

When the sand you tread is wet you will see him once more.

Not as you thought, with tears, but with a smile, and a hand on the shoulder.

Strangely light and carefree, you will understand

That always he paced you, and his step your own was timing,

That always your crossroad was the gesture of his hand.

—Isabel Fiske Conant.

## GUARD THE BABY AGAINST COLDS

To guard the baby against colds nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a mild laxative that will keep the little one's stomach and bowels working regularly. It is a recognized fact that where the stomach and bowels are in good order that colds will not exist; that the health of the little one will be good and that he will thrive and be happy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Ill-Treated "In-Laws."

Under a new law in China a divorce may be granted for the ill-treatment of a mother-in-law or father-in-law.

The new law replaces the ancient one called "Y-L-L," under which a divorce was granted for talkativeness of a wife, for lack of respect for a mother-in-law, or for jealousy.

The clauses of the present code differ in almost every respect, but one queer requirement is made—the consent of the father and mother must be obtained before a divorce may be granted.

## Good Answer.

"Now, children," said the school-teacher, as she glanced in a despairing manner around the young hopefuls in her charge, "I want you to think very carefully before you answer my next question."

The young hopefuls stopped pinching each other, and awaited her question open-eyed and full of interest.

"Which would you rather have—three bags with two apples in each, or two bags with three apples in each?" asked the teacher.

The children thought, and at last one bright little boy put up his hand.

"Yes, Tommy? What's the answer?"

"Three bags, miss, with two apples in them, 'cos there'd be one more bag to bust!"

## MONEY ORDERS.

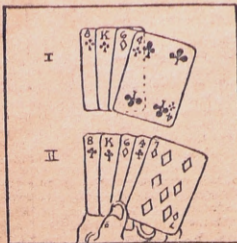
Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

"I count life just a staff to try the soul's strength on. Lean, nor count the pang; dare, never grudge the throes."

## EASY TRICKS

No. 58

Gone



Show five cards to the audience, asking a spectator to fix his mind upon three of them without telling you which he selects. Drop the cards into a hat. Reach into the hat and expressing your determination to take out one of the cards not selected, take out a card. It is not a selected card. Take out another. That is not one of the cards selected. The hat must now contain the three cards which were selected. Ask the spectator to reach into the hat and take out the remaining three cards. He finds the hat absolutely empty!

It seems impossible but it is really very easy. Take the three of spades and paste its back to the back of the seven of diamonds. Take any other four cards and paste them as in Figure 1. Now cut as indicated by the dotted lines. This dotted line follows exactly the outline of the 8 of clubs. To the back of this card, paste the deuce of hearts.

When you display the cards, hold them as in Figure 2. The seven will hide the misleading nature of the other "card." After the spectator has selected the three cards, put the "fan" of cards in the hat. The first card you take out is the three of spades. The second card is the seven of diamonds but no one will observe that it had not previously been displayed. The next card to be taken out is the deuce of hearts. That, of course, leaves the hat empty.

(Clip this out and paste it, with other of the series, in a scrapbook.)

## His Hearing Restored.

The invisible ear drum invented by A. O. Leonard, which is a miniature megaphone, fitting inside the ear entirely out of sight, is restoring the hearing of hundreds of people in New York city. Mr. Leonard invented this drum to relieve himself of deafness and head noises, and it does this so successfully that no one could tell he is a deaf man. It is effective when deafness is caused by catarrh or by perforated or wholly destroyed natural drums. A request for information to A. O. Leonard, Suite 437, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York city, will be given.

When we have on the brain a thought, the brain also sends a reply.

## Europeans Who Live With Cows and Donkeys.

One of the most primitive places in Europe is St. Paul, at an altitude of 4,820 feet in a difficult part of the Alps.

"The village inn is a most surprising place to enter," says Mr. Cecil B. Waterlow, in "Through the Unknown French Alps."

"As you open the parlor door, chickens run out, and through a further aperture in the wall you catch a glimpse and a whiff of cows and donkeys in the back room, with perhaps a goat or two."

"These animals, by their bodily heat, contribute to the warmth of the family home during the long, hard winter."

"But upstairs it is clean and sweet, and they expect their visitors to have a good appetite, for they put before you delicious food from the June fields and more of it than I believe any man being could consume at a sitting."

"It is easy in the world to live after the world's opinions; it is easy in solitude to live after our own."

More short-sighted people are to be found in cities than in the country.

Mother! Give Sick Baby "California Fig Syrup"

Harmless Laxative to Clean Liver and Bowels of Baby or Child.

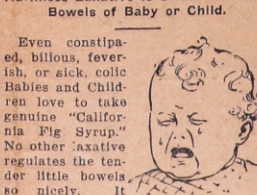
Even constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic Babies and Children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup."

No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels acting without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits! Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

Warner's Safe Kidney & Liver Remedy

is the quickest and best relief for pains in the back and the many other indications of kidney trouble. Sold for 50 years. Satisfaction in every bottle. At your druggist, or direct from

WARNER'S SAFE REMEDIES CO. Toronto



WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY & LIVER REMEDY

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WARNER'S SAFE REMEDIES CO. Toronto

## SMOKE

in 1/2 lb. tins

and 15¢ pkts.



# OLD CHUM

## The Tobacco of Quality

Manufactured by Imperial Tobacco Company of Canada Limited



## Going and Coming.

"Are you going or coming?"  
"I'm going to ask a question I'm coming to now."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Death feigning is a common defensive habit among spiders. When in danger they drop to earth and lie there, crumpled up as if dead. Water spiders will behave in a similar manner in the water. When feigning death a spider can be handled and rolled to and fro without showing any signs of life.

## COLD

IN THE HEAD?

Get quick relief. Rub nose inside and out with

Mentholatum

At all Drug Stores. Write for Free Sample, THE MENTHOLATUM CO., Bridgeport, Ont. Box 30

## Pimples Disappear

"You don't need mercury, potash or any other strong mineral to cure pimples caused by poor blood. Take Extract of Roots—druggists call it 'Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup'—and your skin will clear up as fresh as a baby's. It will sweeten your stomach and regulate your bowels." Get the genuine, 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles. At drug stores.

## ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds Headache Toothache Lumbago Earache Rheumatism Neuralgia Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"

Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

ISSUE No. 49—23.

DOG DISEASES  
How to Feed and How to Cure  
Mailed Free to any Address  
By the Author  
N. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc.  
121 West 34th Street  
New York, U.S.A.

## HOCKEY PLAYERS.

Minard's is the ideal liniment for the rub-down. Takes the soreness out of bruised muscles.

# MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

## The Children's Cough Remedy

# MINTINE

Sole Agents: Harold P. Ritchie & Co., Limited, Toronto



## Mothers Prefer Cuticura Shampoos For Children

Regular shampoos with Cuticura Soap and hot water, preceded by touches of Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff and itching, keep the scalp clean and healthy. Proper care of the hair during childhood is the basis for healthy hair throughout life. Soap 25c. Ointment 25c. and 50c. Tubes 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: L. J. Ross, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without soap.



## Personal Greeting Cards

Not just a Christmas Card, but one having the addition of the personal touch.

A pleasure to show these cards. Call and see them.

The Stirling News-Argus.

## WEST HUNTINGDON CHEESE COMPANY

The Annual Meeting of the West Huntingdon Cheese Co. will be held on Thursday, Dec. 13th, in the Orange Hall, at 1 o'clock p.m., for Election of Officers, Selling Milk Routes, and any other business that may arise.

A. B. FARGEY, President.

## STERLING CHEESE COMPANY

The Annual General Meeting of the Sterling Cheese Co. will be held at the Factory on Wednesday, Dec. 19th, 1923, at 1 o'clock p.m., for settling up the season's business, election of officers, selling milk routes and any other business in connection with the company.

C. M. SINE, President.

## HAROLD CHEESE & BUTTER COMPANY

The Annual Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Factory on Monday, Dec. 17th, at 1 o'clock p.m., for the transaction of the general business of the Company.

Chas. Mumby, Pres., W. H. Heath, Sec.

## EVERGREEN CHEESE & BUTTER COMPANY

The Annual Meeting will be held at the factory on Thursday, Dec. 20th, at 1.30 p.m., for the transaction of general business.

ROBT. LANIGAN, Pres.

## DONNAN & MACAULAY

Barristers and Solicitors  
B. C. Donnan, County Crown Attorney  
Robert D. Macaulay  
Offices:—Belleville and Stirling,  
Stirling Office open Mondays and Fridays.

## Madoc Junction

Mrs. Barker has been entertaining friends from Colborne this week.

Mrs. Fitchett visited friends in Belleville last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hounslow, of Kingston, spent a recent week end with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Phil Carr, of West Huntingdon, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. Stapley.

The next W. M. S. meeting will be at the home of Mrs. W. J. Fitchett.

The Pie Social at Eggleton church last Thursday evening was a decided success. The readings by Miss Ethel Cranston of Stirling, and Miss Prentice of Foxboro, received hearty applause, also the solos by Miss Hazel Burditt and Mrs. Raymond Chambers of Stirling, and Mrs. Herbert Townsend of Holloway, which added to the popularity of the programme.

Miss Burditt's singing was a pleasant surprise to many and she was complimented on the number she rendered, although the youngest on the programme, Miss Cranston was also paid a number of compliments during the evening on her selections.

Splendid addresses were given by Rev. Mr. Smith, of Sidney, and Mrs. Stillman Gay of Foxboro on the great importance of W. M. S. work and the loyalty of its members in assisting in the Red Cross work during the war.

Mrs. Gay spoke of her work as Supt. of Belleville District and gave some very interesting figures. Mrs. Vane Mitts, of Ivanhoe and Mrs. C. Fitchett of Holloway were also called on.

Lunch was served at the close. The collection amounted to nearly \$35 and the committee is being congratulated on the splendid success and full house. Mr. Herbert Burke acted as chairman.

One step won't take you very far, You've got to keep on walking; One word won't tell folks who you are, You've got to keep on talking;

One inch won't make you very tall, You've got to keep on growing; One little ad won't do it all, You've got to keep them going.

Are you running short of Bill-heads or Letter-heads? Phone 59 or call and let us replenish your stock.

## A Pioneer Pension System

The Canadian Pacific Railway is this year celebrating the twentieth anniversary of the foundation of the Company's system of pensions for the employees.

It was in 1902 that the Board of Directors, under the Presidency of Lord Shaughnessy, looked into the future for the benefit of those who were laying the foundations of the service that was to take so large a part in the up-building of Canada.

In December, 1902, the directors passed a resolution stating that a time had come when provision should be made for officers and permanent employees who, after long years of faithful service, had reached an age when they were unequal to the further performance of their duties, and announcing that a plan of superannuation had been determined upon.

The plan was a generous one. The Company provided all the money necessary, and the employees were not called upon to contribute to it in any way whatever. In 1903 when it was first put into effect Canadian Pacific employees numbered about 40,000. To-day they approximate 200,000, and every one of them, from the humblest stenographer, office boy or "traveller," to even the minor employee at some far-off post in China or in Europe, has old-age sustenance guaranteed so long as he or she stays with the Company.

### Some Statistics

The Company's first contribution to the pension fund was \$250,000 which was supplemented by annual grants starting at \$80,000 which have, from time to time, been increased, until for some years past it has been \$500,000 annually. To the end of 1922 the Company had contributed a total of \$4,715,000 to the fund while payments on pensions had amounted to \$3,857,802, leaving a balance to the credit of the fund of \$1,640,103. In 1922 the total payments made amounted to \$508,054, and at October 1st of this year the total number of the Company's pensioners was 1,182, each of whom was drawing an average of \$35.92 per month. It is of interest to note that since the pension fund became operative, 877 pensions have become inoperative through the death of the beneficiaries.

Having in view conditions of increased living costs which then prevailed the world over, the Company in 1919 allowed the pensioners an additional bonus of twenty-five per cent. of their regular allowance. This went into effect on May 1st of that year, and continued until the end of 1922. In view of the modification of the condition that made it necessary that bonus is this year set at twenty per cent.

### Kept in Canada

By far the greater part of this money is of course distributed in Canada, just as is the case with the Company's vast payroll of over \$100,000,000 annually, and the many millions it yearly spends on the purchase of supplies under the policy of distributing as much of its expenditure as is possible in the country it exists to serve.

The operation of the fund is simplicity itself. Upon reaching the age of 65 every employee who has joined the staff before reaching the age of forty is entitled to retirement if the Company so desires and can claim a pension of one per cent. of the average monthly pay received for the ten years preceding retirement for every year in which he has been in the Company's service. This is as the system was first devised twenty years ago, and there has been but one amendment to its provisions. In 1908 it was found that in some cases the amount of the pension so calculated was insufficient to protect the recipient against want as was intended, and it was provided that from thenceforth the minimum amount of pension paid would be \$20 per month.

### Fosters Efficiency

That this system has been a big factor in fostering the efficiency so largely identified with Canadian Pacific operation is undeniable. Mr. E. W. Beatty, President of the Company, speaks of it not only as a prime necessity in these days of sociological progress and as an inherent right of those who give lives of faithful work to Canadian Pacific service, but also as one of the things that has helped to bring into existence the high standard of co-operation that exists between all branches of the Company's service. "It is a thing to make contented employees," says Mr. Beatty, "and that is the first requisite of faithful, efficient service."

### Passing of the Hat

"Shall I say my hat is in the ring?" inquired the influential citizen. "No," replied Senator Sorghum. "A few of us ought to hold on to our hats. We may need 'em to pass around for campaign contributions."

### Just So

"Well, I came down with flying colors, anyhow," remarked the painter who had just fallen off the scaffolding with a pot of paint in each hand.

## 1923 Christmas Seals

The National Sanitarium Association is to be congratulated on the handsome Christmas Seals now on sale in aid of the Muskoka Hospital for Consumptives.

To meet a persistent demand for a real Christmas Seal, not merely an advertising sticker, quite a new design has been introduced this year, in which each seal contains a full assortment of the seals are all very attractive.

The Hospital is in need of funds to carry on its work. What better than seals in lieu of others? Not only will your money be well made to serve the hospital, but it will go to help someone in distress.

For sale by school children, and banks, or direct from Xmas Seal Department, Gage Institute, Toronto, Ont.

## THREE YEARS OF MISERY

Popular young Toronto lady regains health and happily relates her experience that it may help others.

Mrs. James Myers, residing at 427 Clendon Ave., Toronto, is another who has found Drego a safe and sure road to health, strength and the joy of living.

"For the past three years," says Mrs. Myers, "I have suffered from gastritis. Before I could even finish a meal, I would fill up with gas and it seemed as though I would smother. Often I'd be standing talking to some friend and everything would seem to whirl around and turn black before me. I felt as if I would fall unless I caught hold of something. Every day I had to take a laxative and pains would shoot across my back and through my shoulders so bad that I wanted to cry."

"I had no vitality and was able to do only part of my housework. I felt my system growing weaker every day from eating so little food. I had to diet and was receiving little nourishment."

"I finished a treatment of Drego several weeks ago and have gained five pounds and what is more, have plenty of energy and vitality. I can now eat and enjoy anything I wish, with no ill effects and have no more dizzy spells or pains through my back and shoulders. Neither do I have to take any laxatives. In fact I feel like a new person."

"I could notice myself that my face was filling out and my friends all wanted to know what in the world I was doing to improve so rapidly. Gladly, I have related my experience many times. I am simply delighted with Drego; it certainly is a wonderful medicine."

Drego contains no mercury, potash or habit forming drugs. It is made from Nature's own herbs, roots, bark and leaves and goes straight to the root of all digestive disorders and restores the whole system.

Drego is being specially introduced in Stirling by J. S. Morton, and is sold by a good druggist everywhere.

## Speaker Predicts Life Everlasting

International Bible Student Claims That Gentile Power Ended In 1914

(Contributed)

The Bible Students Hall was filled to capacity last Sunday to hear Mr. Clifford Roberts, a travelling representative of the I.B.S.A., discuss the topic "The New World Begun."

In opening his address the speaker said that the present distress of nations with perplexity was fulfillment of prophecy; that while the clouds of trouble at present hung heavily over Christendom, yet to the student of scripture, such were but sign posts indicating that the human race had reached the threshold of a new world wherein to be realised the desire of all nations, namely peace, prosperity and everlasting life in a state of supreme happiness.

Mr. Roberts pointed out that the remedy for present conditions was the establishment of Messiah's kingdom for which all christian people prayed "Thy kingdom come."

### DEATH UN-NATURAL

Present conditions of pain, sorrow and death the speaker said, are the result of sin, Rom. 5:12. That in the new world the whole race would be lifted up out of their graves, sin, and all weakness, mental, moral and physical.

### WORLD ENDED IN 1914

In support of his belief that the world ended in 1914 the speaker presented the following facts: "The end of the world is synonymous with the end of Gentile supremacy in the affairs of this earth. While God has permitted Gentile kingdoms to control the affairs of mankind for a long period yet such was only to be until 'He comes whose right it is,' namely the Lord Jesus at His second advent."

The Gentile lease of power began with the overthrow of Zedekiah, Israel's last king, in the year 606 B.C. There God removed the crown (permission to rule) from Israel and gave it to the Gentiles, first to the Babylonian empire and then to Medo-Persia, then to Greece and finally to Rome, under whose yoke the Jews found themselves when Jesus came at His first advent, and He informed them that they would continue to be subject to Gentile powers until the times of the Gentiles should be fulfilled (Luke 21:24).

God warned Israel three times before taking their dominion from them if they would not obey Him He would punish them seven times for all their sins (Lev. 26:18).

A time in the Bible means a year. The Hebrew year was 360 days; therefore seven times would mean 2520 days. A day in symbolical prophecy means a year. "I have given thee a day for a year."—2520 days therefore would mean 2520 years of punishment upon the Jewish people under Gentile oppression. Since the Gentile times commenced in 606 B.C. they would necessarily end in 1914 A.D., 2520 years later.

With the ending of the Gentile lease of power we saw the beginning of the disintegration of those powers and the return of the Jewish people to Palestine which Jesus declared would be a sign that the Kingdom was nigh at the door.

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## Wise and Otherwise

"If you have so much business to attend to that you have no time to pray, depend upon it you have more business on hand than God ever intended you should have."

Man is a diverse institution. Some go to college, and take up law, science and medicine, while others stay at home and take up oilcloth, linoleum and carpets.

And again, there are men who call themselves business men, but do not advertise, and there are men who do advertise, and make money, real business men.

Very soon after a Congregational chapel had been planted in a small Scotch community, an incident occurred which showed that the powers of its ministers were appreciated in certain quarters. A boy named Johnny Fordyce had been indiscreet enough to put a sixpence in his mouth, and

accidentally swallowed it. Mrs. Fordyce concerned both for her boy and the sixpence, tried every means for its recovery, consulted her neighbors, and finally in despair, called in a doctor, but without result. As a last resort, a woman present suggested that they should send for the Congregationalist "meenister." "The meenister!" chorused the mother and neighbors. "Aye, the meenister," rejoined the old dame; "od's if there's any money in him, he'll sure draw it out of 'm!"

Dr. Torrey, the evangelist, in speaking of missionary work, remarked: teaching the heathen must be most difficult of all. Just think—first you can even lay a foundation for a knowledge of God. The task reminds me of a missionary friend of mine who was working amongst the Indians. One of his pupils came to him one day and informed him that a sparrow had built a nest in the cross-trees of his lodge. Is there anything in the nest yet? asked the missionary. "Heap much," said the Indian, proud of his English. "The sparrow has pups."

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### RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Trains call at Stirling station as follows: GOING WEST: 6:15 a.m. GOING EAST: 6:02 a.m. 6:25 p.m. 6:50 p.m. Mail & Ex. 6:02 a.m. Passenger 12:17 a.m. Mail & Ex. 12:00 p.m.

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According to certain observers of wild animals we are to have a mild winter, as squirrels are not laying up large stores of food and muskrats are building their houses well above the water. These animals may have private sources of information about such matters, but on the evidence produced it would be just as well not to bank too strongly on cutting your appropriation for coal.



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